

最近のSNOデータを巡って

竹内康雄
(宇宙線研 神岡宇宙素粒子研究施設)

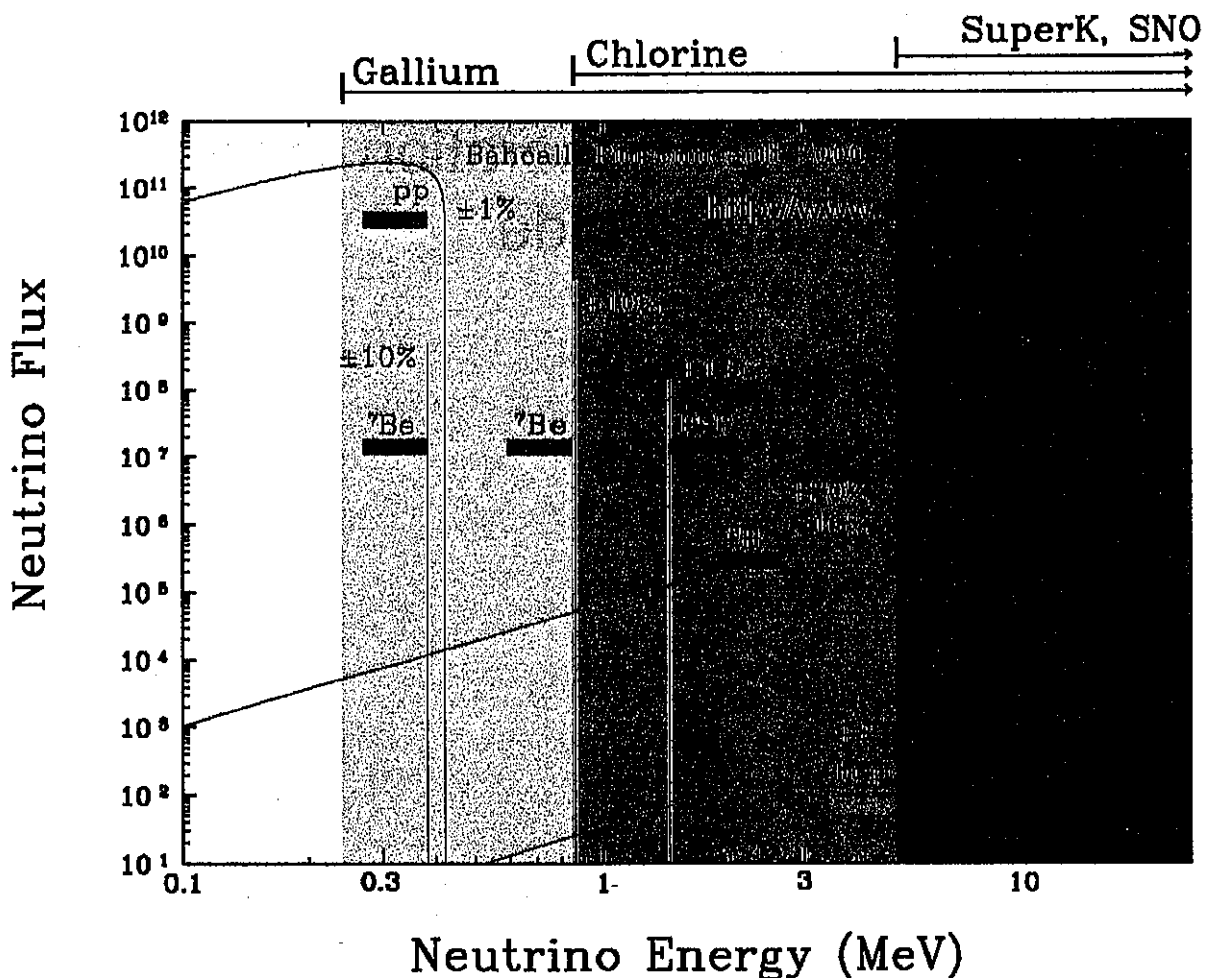
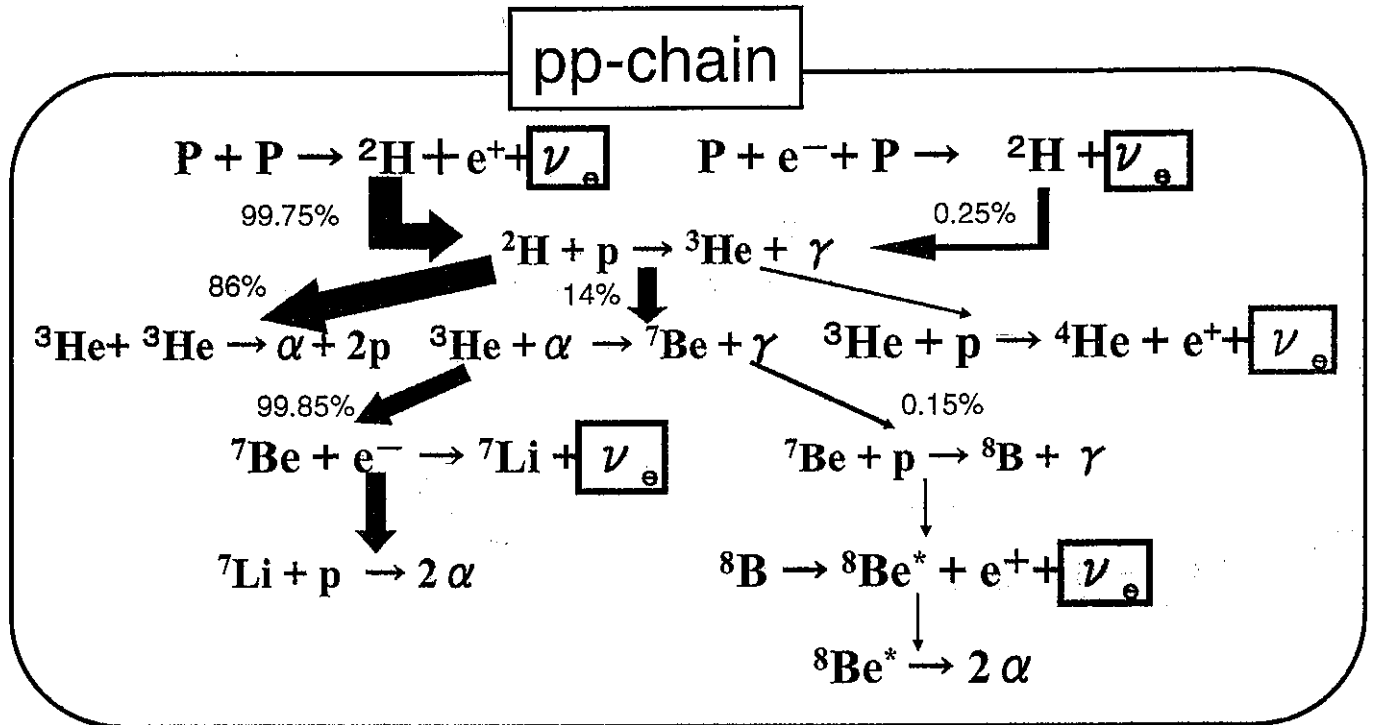
Outline

- Solar neutrino
- Solar neutrino flux measurements
- Results from 2nd generation experiments
 - Super-Kamiokande
 - SNO
- Oscillation analysis
- Future experiments
- Summary

Solar neutrino

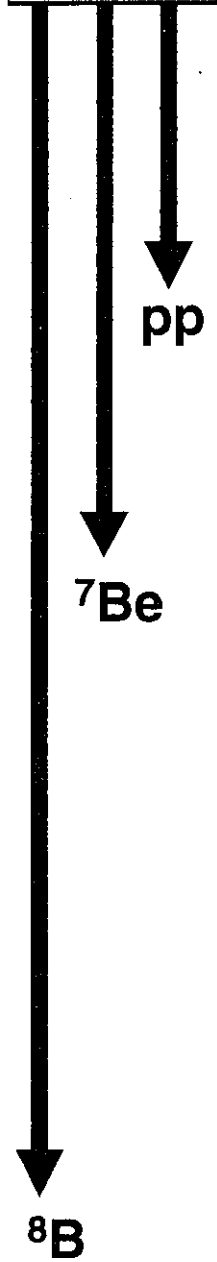
Standard Solar Model (SSM)

Sun burns through: $4p \rightarrow ^4\text{He} + 2e^+ + 2\nu_e + 25\text{MeV}$

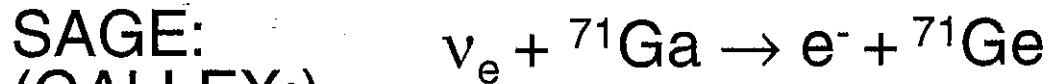


Solar neutrino flux measurements

v energy range



SAGE:1990- , GALLEX:1991-1997 , GNO:1998-



(GALLEX:)

GNO: $E_{th} = 235\text{keV}$

GNO:

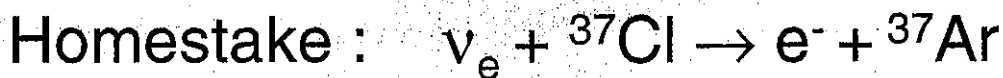
$R = 0.55 \pm 0.05$ (SAGE)

30 ~ 100 tons

$R = 0.57 \pm 0.05$ (GALLEX+GNO)

pp

1970-



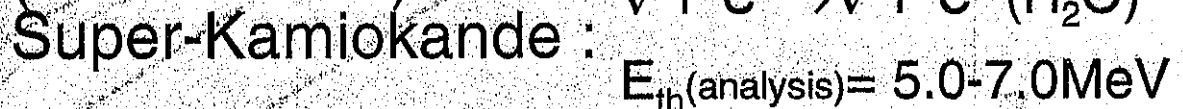
615 tons

$E_{th} = 817\text{keV}$

$R = 0.33 \pm 0.03$

${}^7\text{Be}$

Kam-II,III:1987-1995, SK-I:1996-2001



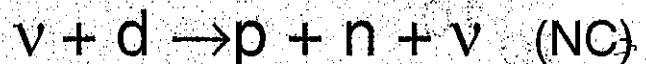
4,500 tons

$R = 0.53 \pm 0.07$ (Kam)

50,000 tons

$R = 0.47 \pm 0.02$ (SK)

SNO-I:1999-2001, SNO-II(+NaCl) 2001-



1,000 tons



${}^8\text{B}$

To be explained later

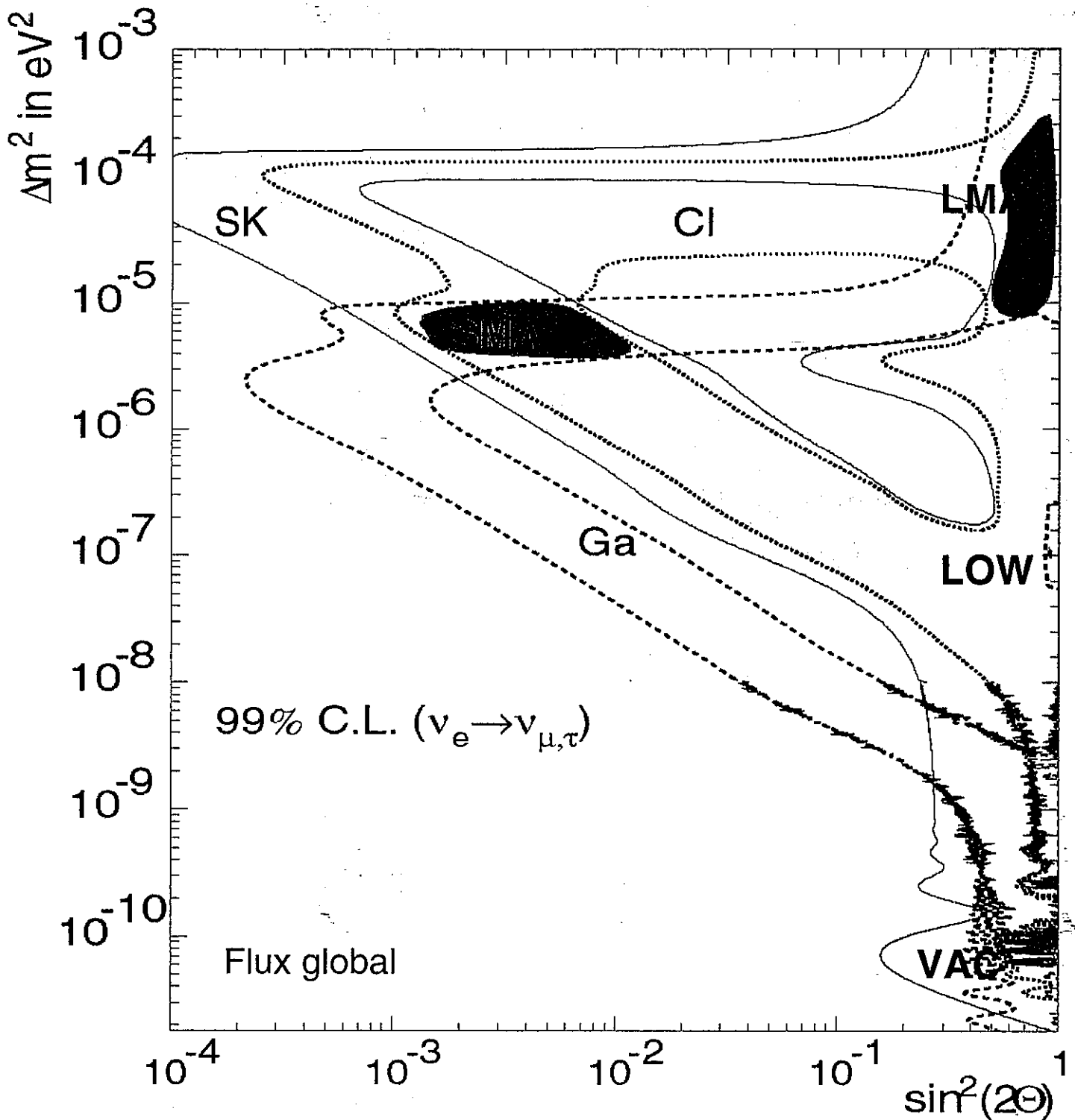
R: Data / SSM(BP2000v2)

Radio chemical experiments: Homestake, SAGE, GNO/GALLEX
CC Integrated flux above a threshold

Water Cherenkov : Kamiokande, Super-Kamiokande, SNO
Directionality ($\nu_x e^- \rightarrow \nu_x e^-$ case)

CC+NC (SK) CC/NC (SNO) Energy, Event time measurement

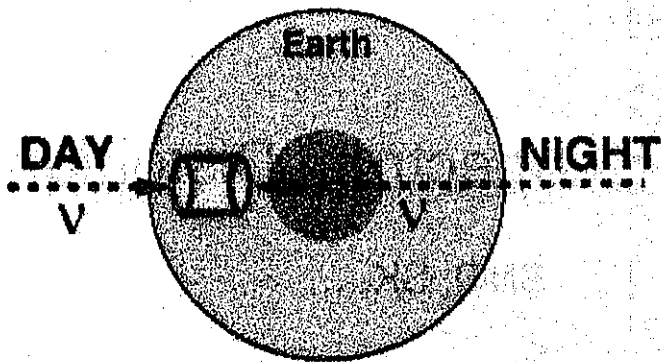
Oscillation parameters based on flux of Homestake, GNO/SAGE and SK



- No unique solution...
- SSM dependent (pp:1% ${}^7\text{Be}$:10% ${}^8\text{B}$:+20-16% hep:??)

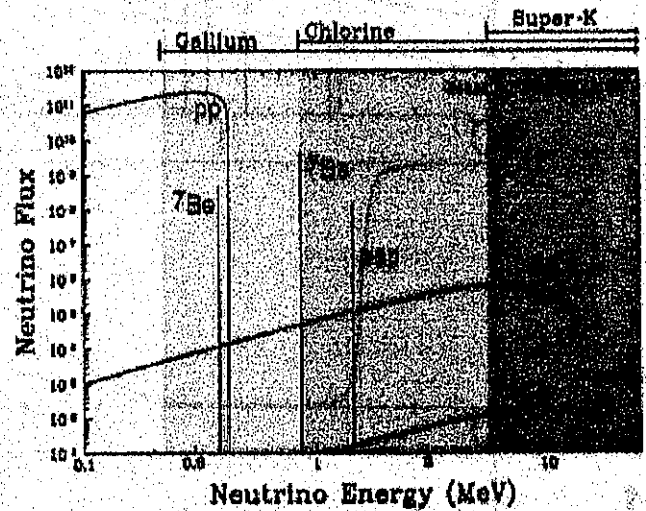
Goal of 2nd generation solar neutrino experiments is to get flux independent evidence of ν oscillation

Matter-effect regeneration



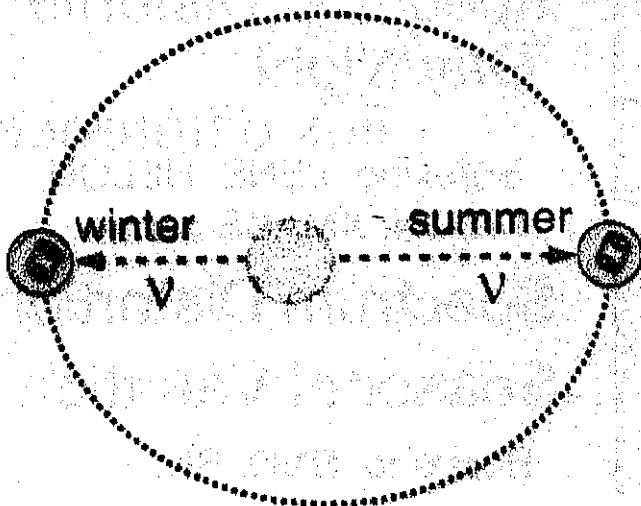
SK, SNO, Borexino, ...

Energy spectrum distortion



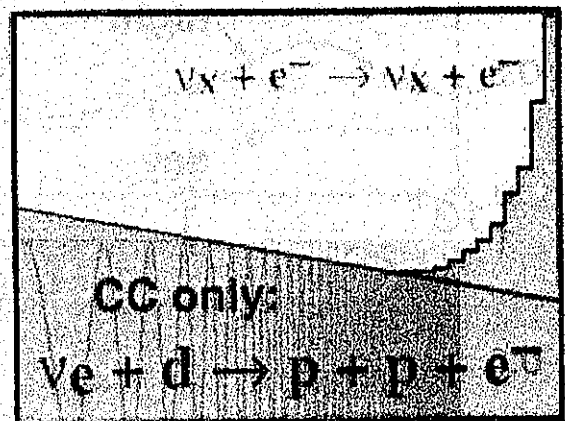
SNO, SK, ...

Seasonal flux variation



Borexino, SK, GNO, ...

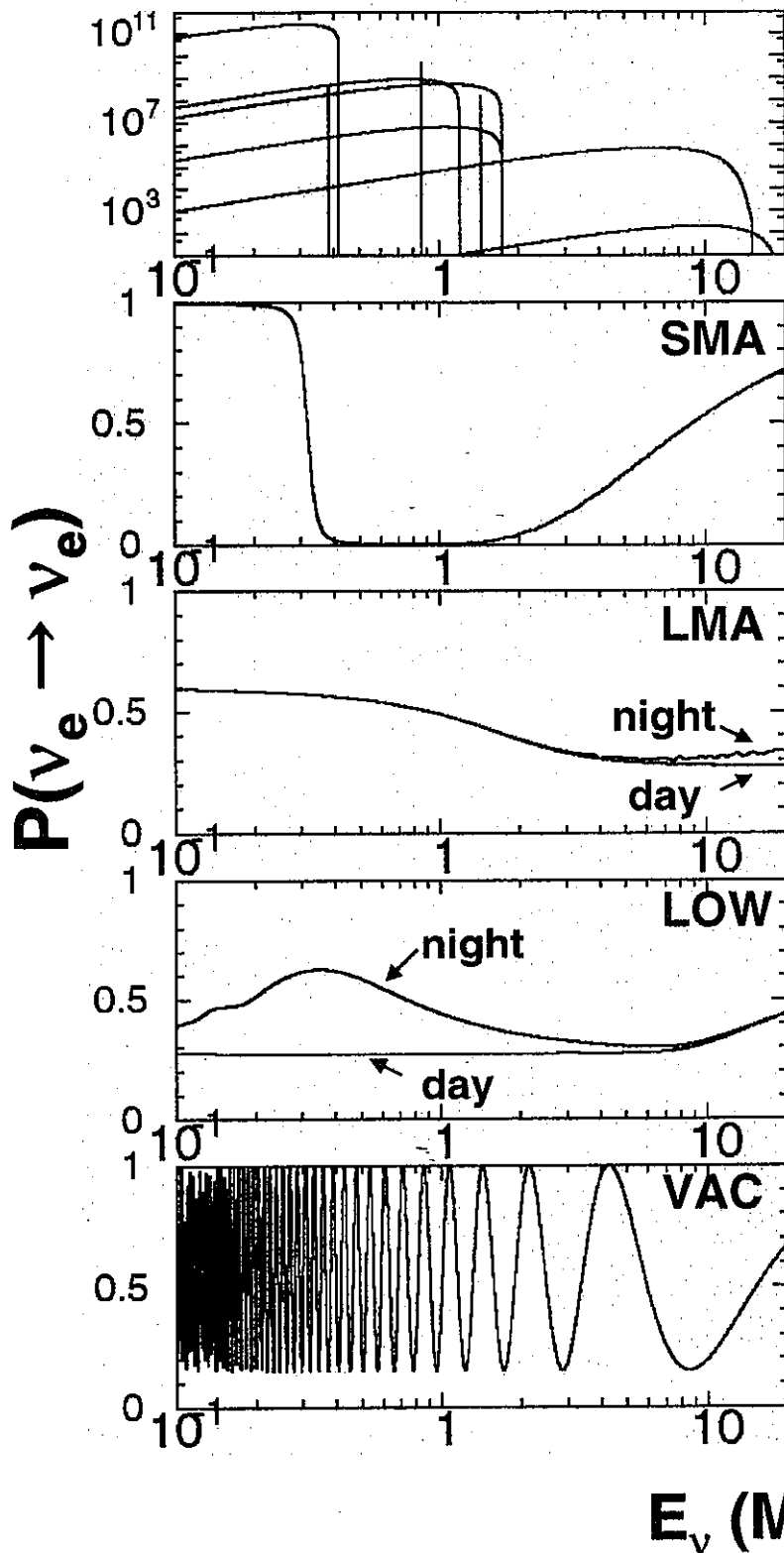
Neutral current / charged current



NC: $\nu_x + d \rightarrow \nu_x + p + n$

SNO

Flux independent analyses



Spectrum Distortion

SNO, SK, ...

Day/Night
flux difference

SK, (KamLAND), ...
SNO

Spectrum Distortion
Day/Night
flux difference

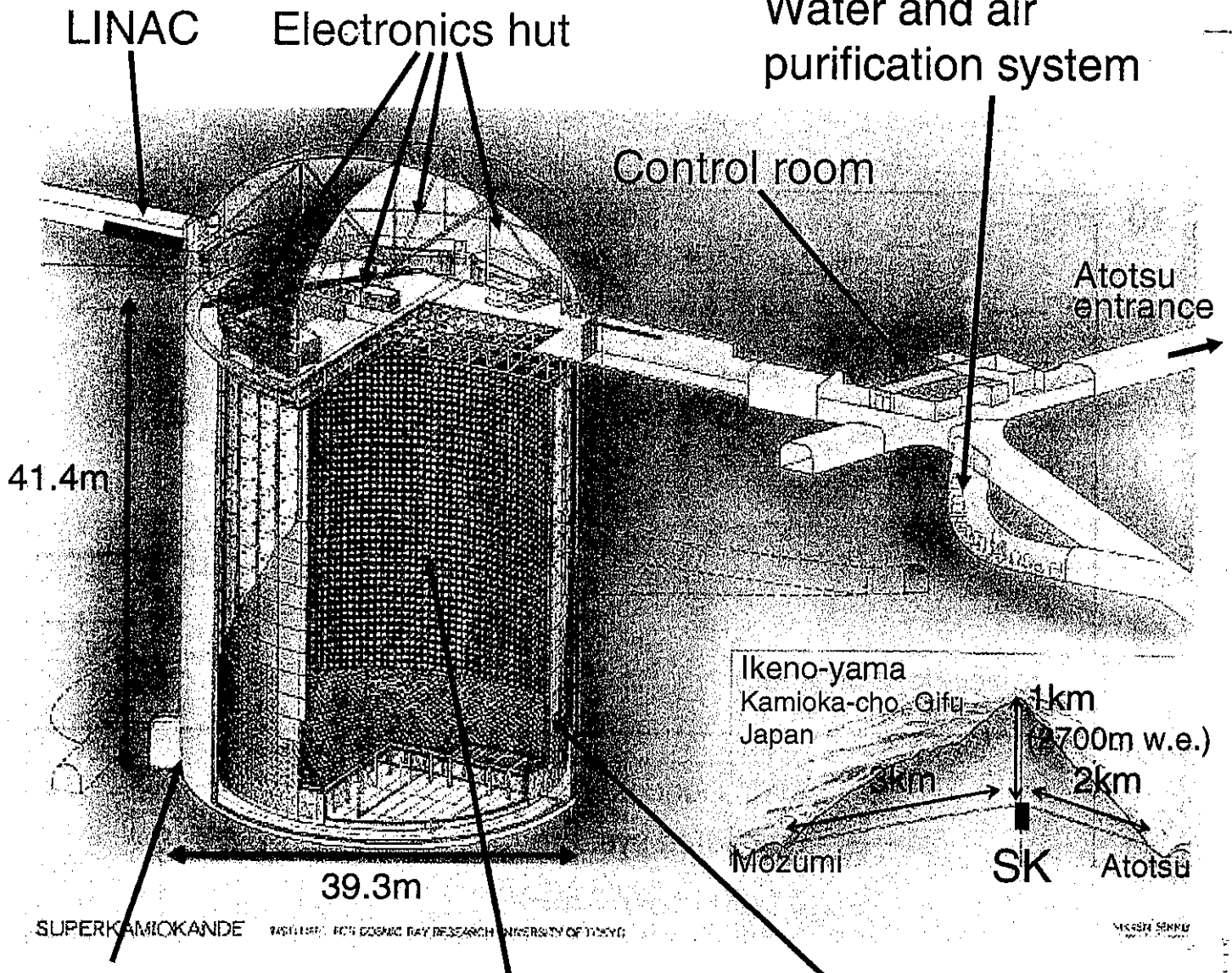
Borexino, LENS, HELON,
MOON, XMASS ...

Spectrum Distortion
Seasonal Variation

Borexino, SNO, SK, ...

Super-Kamiokande (SK-I)

<http://www-sk.icrr.u-tokyo.ac.jp/sk/>
 Water and air purification system

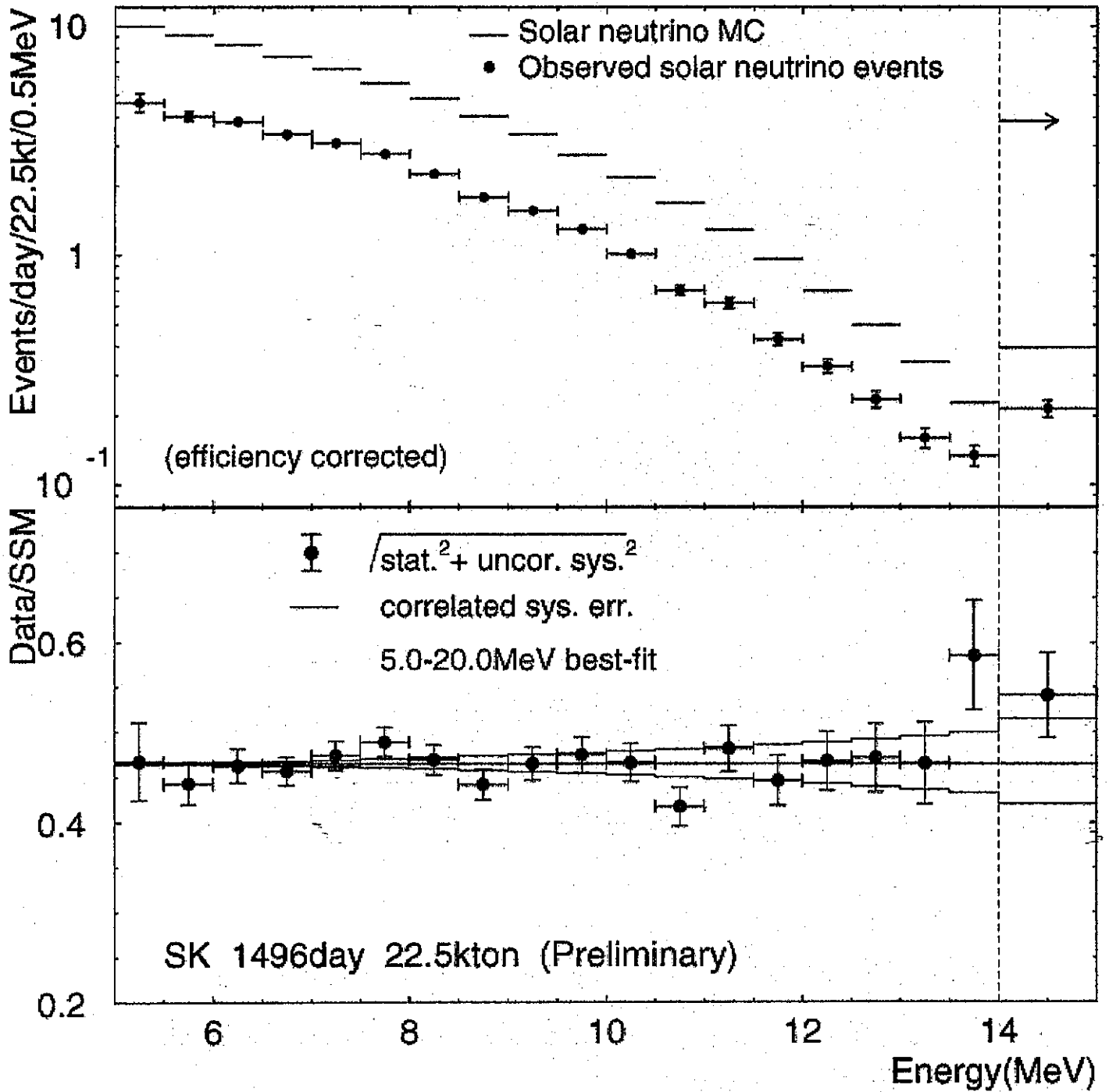


50000 ton stainless steel tank Inner Detector (ID) 11146 of 20 inch PMTs Outer Detector (OD) 1867 of 8 inch PMTs

- photo coverage 40%
- outer detector 2.5m for all surfaces
- fid. vol. for ν_{solar} 22.5kt (2m from ID wall)
- for 10 MeV electron
 - vertex resolution 87cm
 - energy resolution 14%
 - angular resolution 26°

SK-I: Energy spectrum

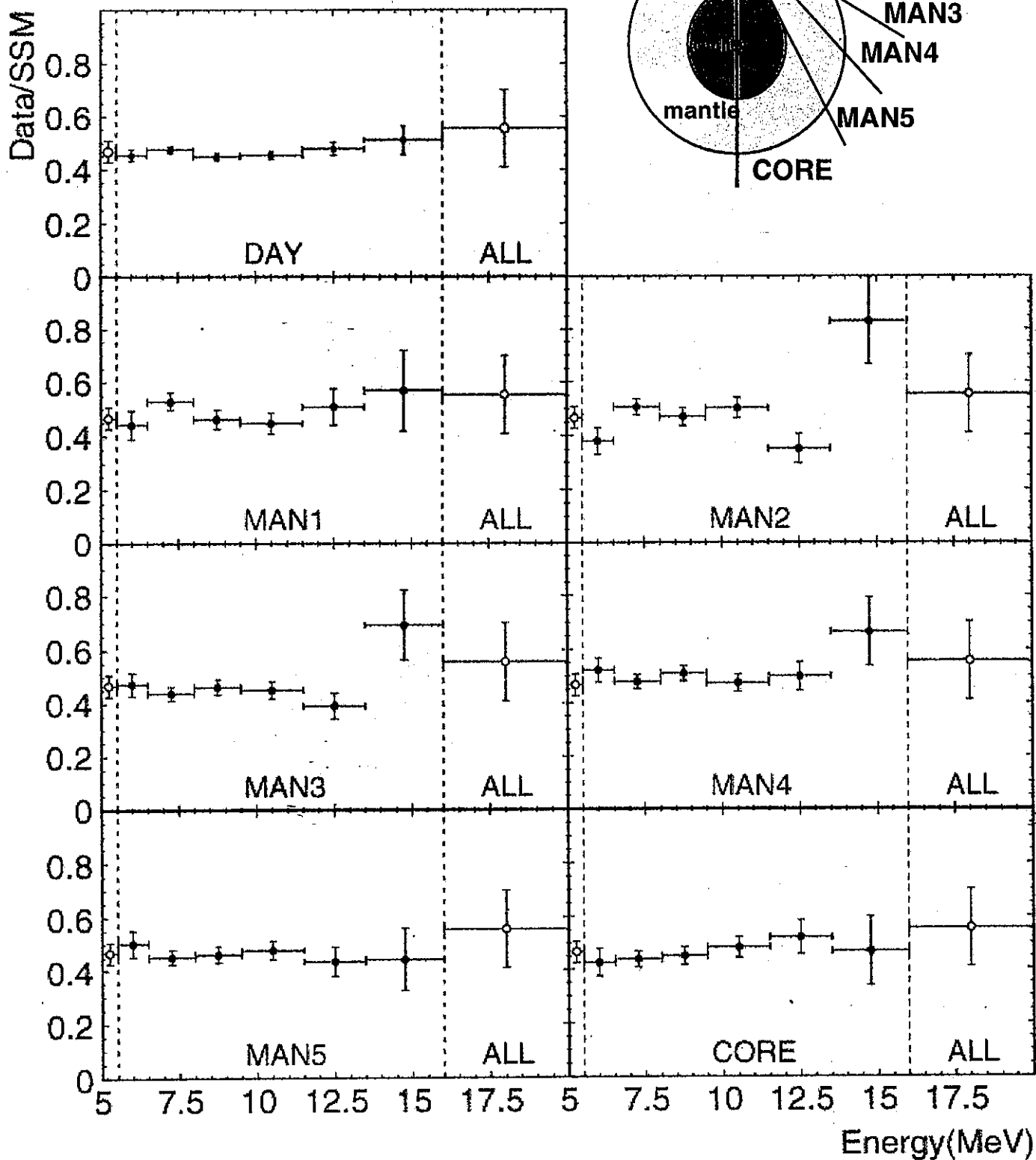
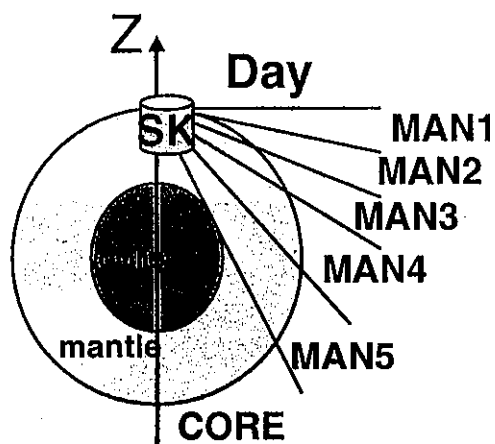
May 31, 1996 – July 15, 2001 1496 days



χ^2 for flat = 17.4 / 18 (d.o.f) 50% C.L.

SK-I: Energy spectrum (day/night-6bin)

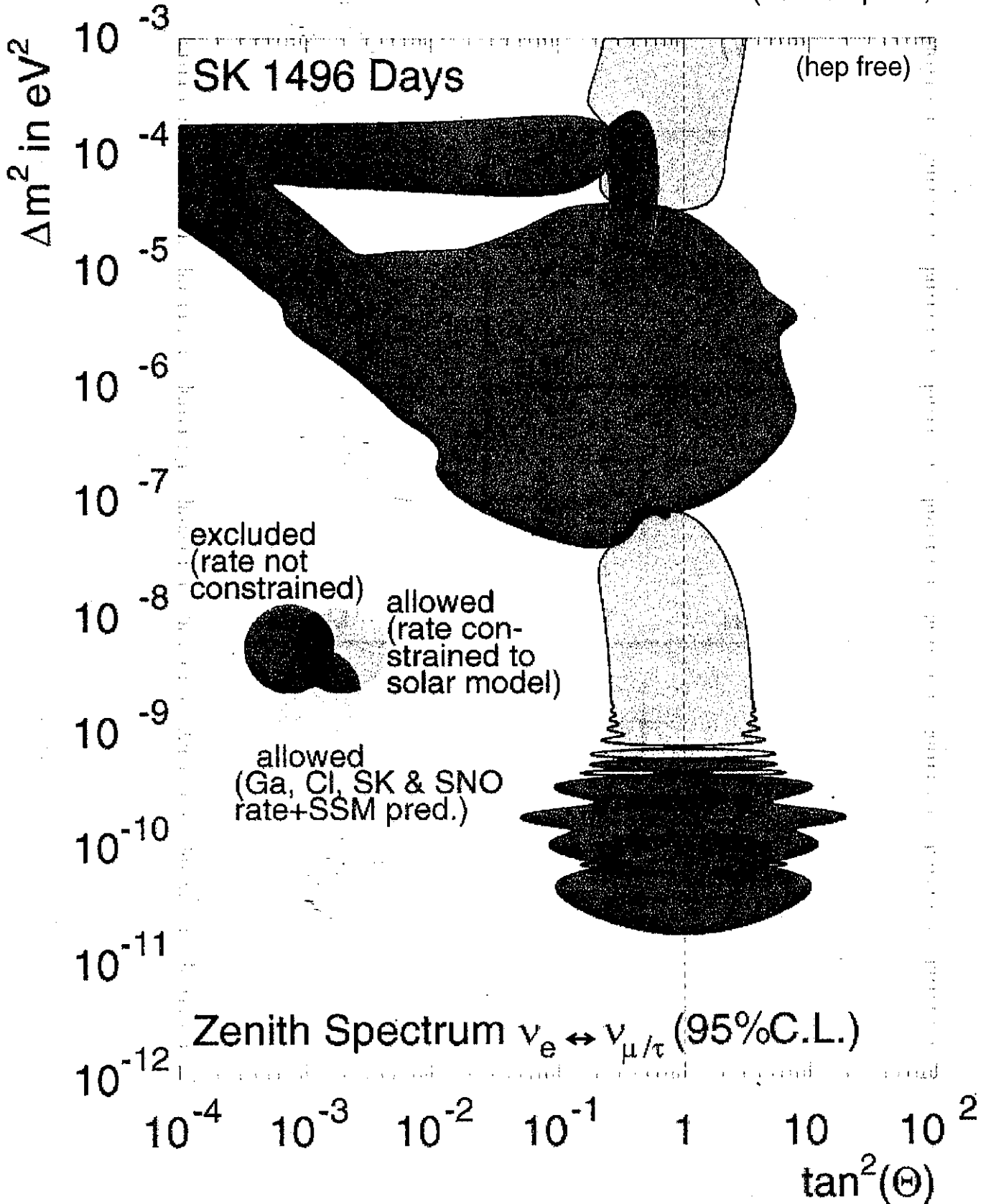
SK 1496 days 22.5 kt
(Preliminary)



Use 44 data points for oscillation analysis

Oscillation analysis (SK vs. global, active)

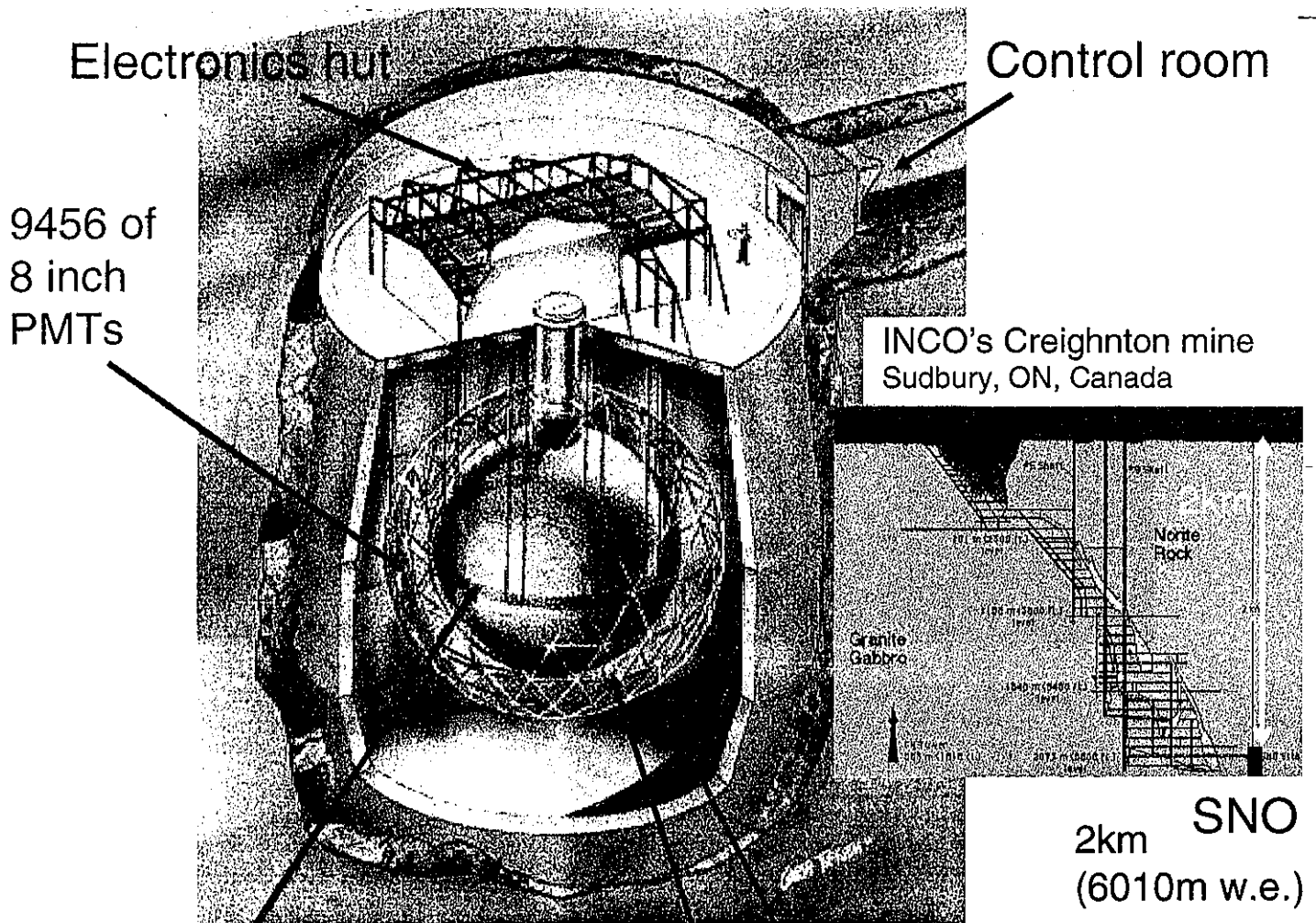
(before Apr 20, 2002)



SK favors large mixing angle regions.

Sudbury Neutrino Observatory (SNO)

<http://www.sno.phy.queensu.ca>

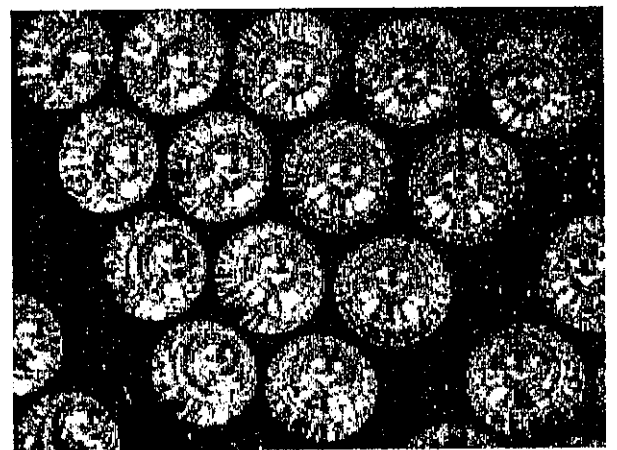
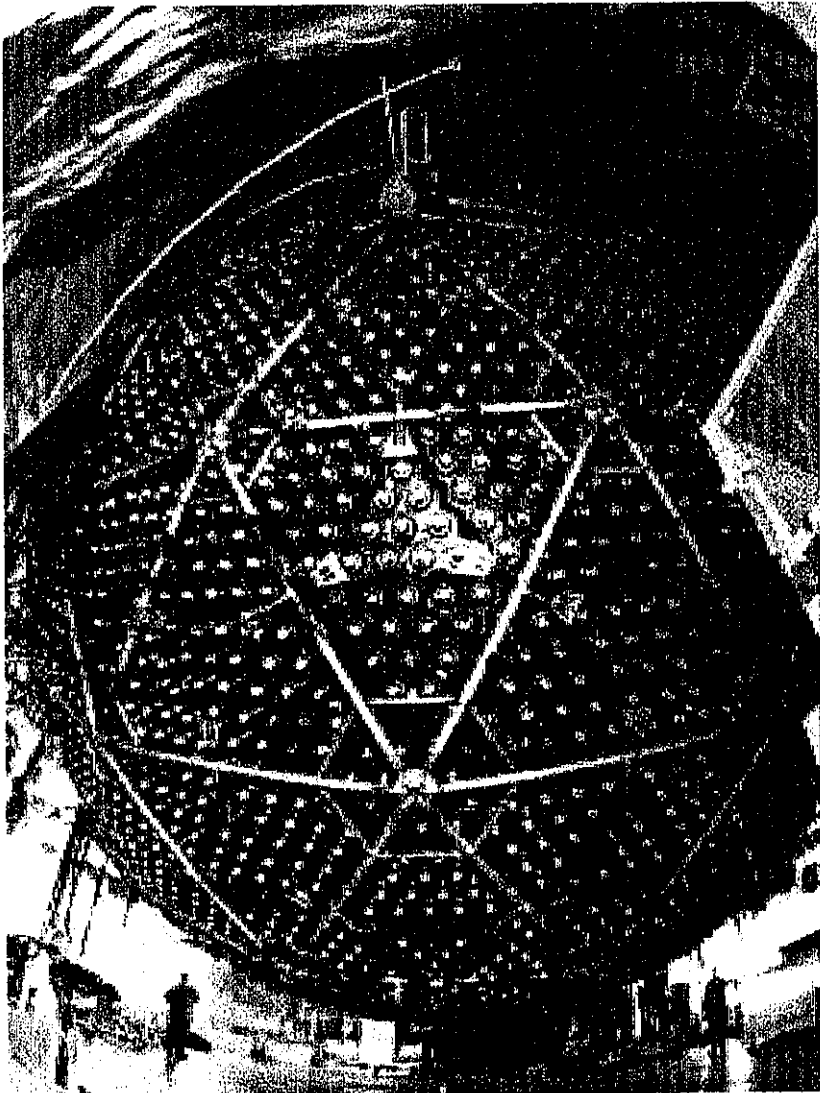
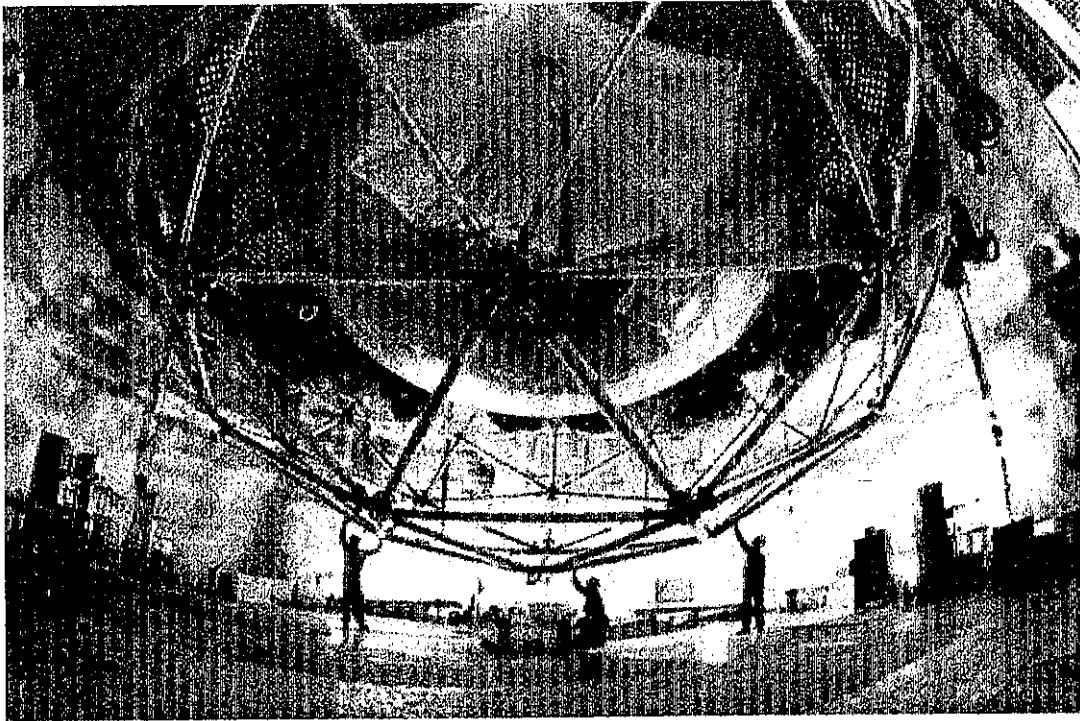


1000 ton heavy water
(12m ϕ acrylic vessel)

1700+5300 ton light water
(17.8m ϕ stainless steel support,
34mh x 22m ϕ barrel-shaped cavity)

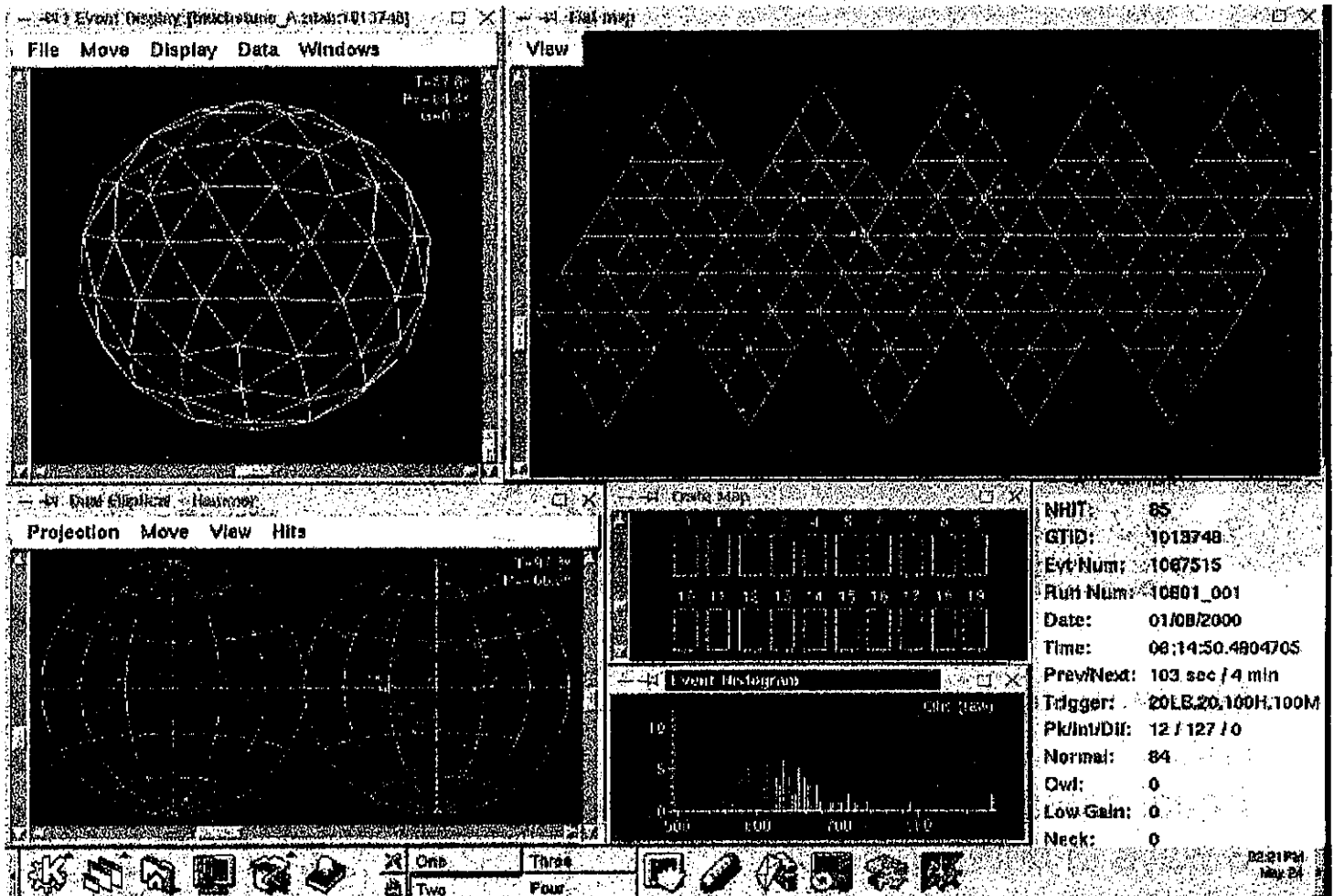
- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| • photo coverage | 55% (R<7m) |
| • cosmic ray muons | ~70 events/day |
| • fiducial volume | 0.7kt (R,5.5m) |
| • Trigger rate (data) | 6~8Hz (~2MeV threshold) |
| • Trigger efficiency | 100% @ ~3MeV |
| • for compton e ⁻ from ¹⁶ N source (~5 MeV) | |
| vertex resolution | 16cm |
| energy resolution | 16% |
| angular resolution | 27° |

SNO detector during construction



SNO: neutrino event

NHIT=85 (~9MeV)

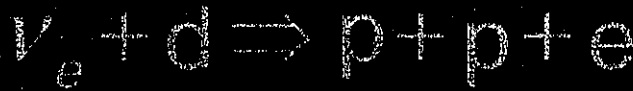


<http://www.sno.phy.queensu.ca/sno/talks/apssno3.ppt>

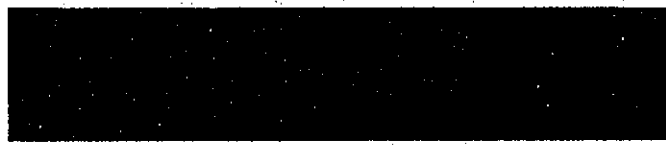
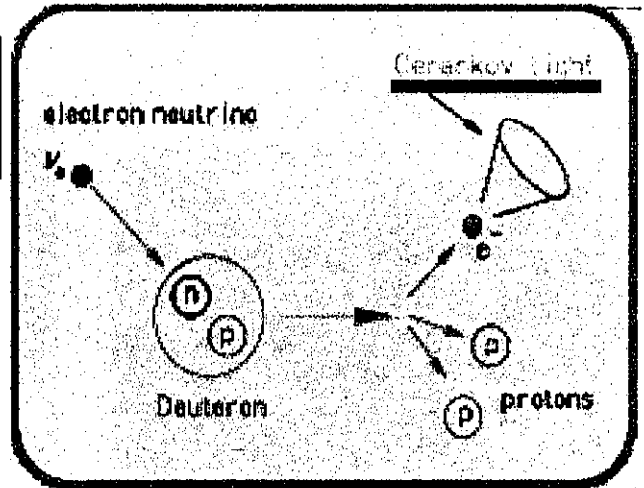
http://ewiserver.npl.washington.edu/sno/UW_Talk.ppt

SNO: neutrino reactions

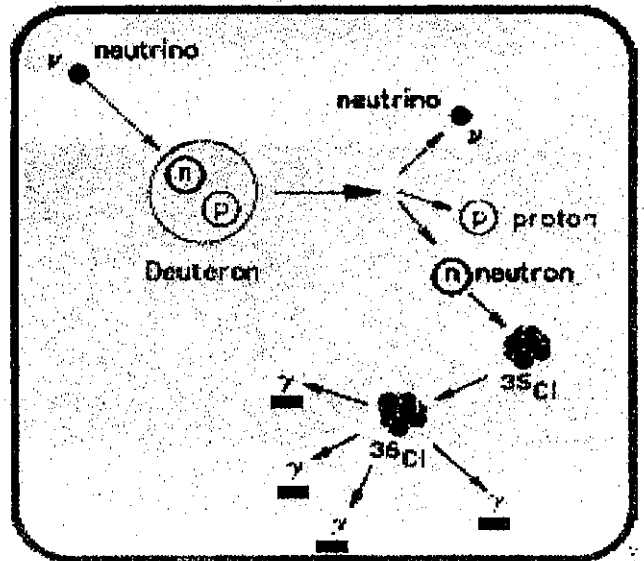
Target = heavy water (D₂O)



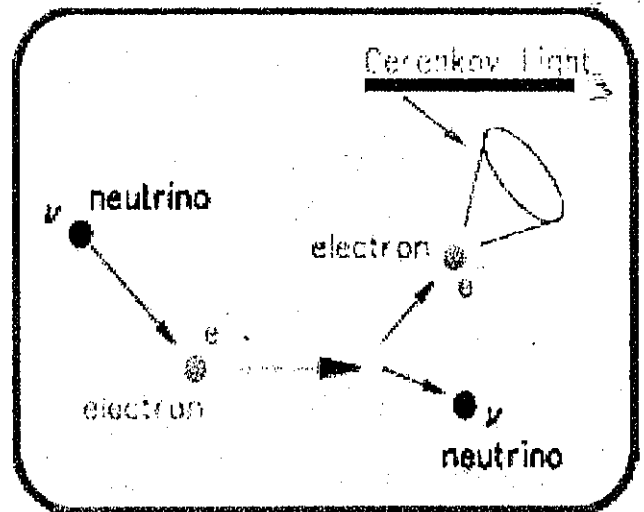
- Good measurement of ν_e energy spectrum
- Weak directional sensitivity
 $\propto 1 - 1/3 \cos(\theta)$
- ν_e only.



- Measure total ^8B ν flux from the sun.
- Equal cross section for all ν types
- 3 ways to detect neutron



- Low Statistics
- Mainly sensitive to ν_e , some sensitivity to ν_μ and ν_τ
- Strong directional sensitivity



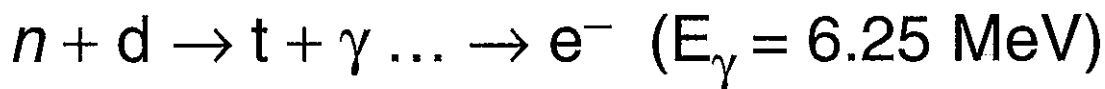
SNO: what's new (April 20, 2002)

Livetime: 306.4 days

(November 2, 1999~May 27, 2001)

Day: 128.5 days Night: 177.9 days

Energy Threshold: 5 MeV Kinetic



Flavor change/oscillations

$$\text{June 2001} \quad \frac{\Phi_{cc}}{\Phi_{es}} = \frac{V_e}{V_e + 0.154(V_\mu + V_\tau)}$$

$$\text{new} \quad \frac{\Phi_{cc}}{\Phi_{nc}} = \frac{V_e}{V_e + V_\mu + V_\tau}$$

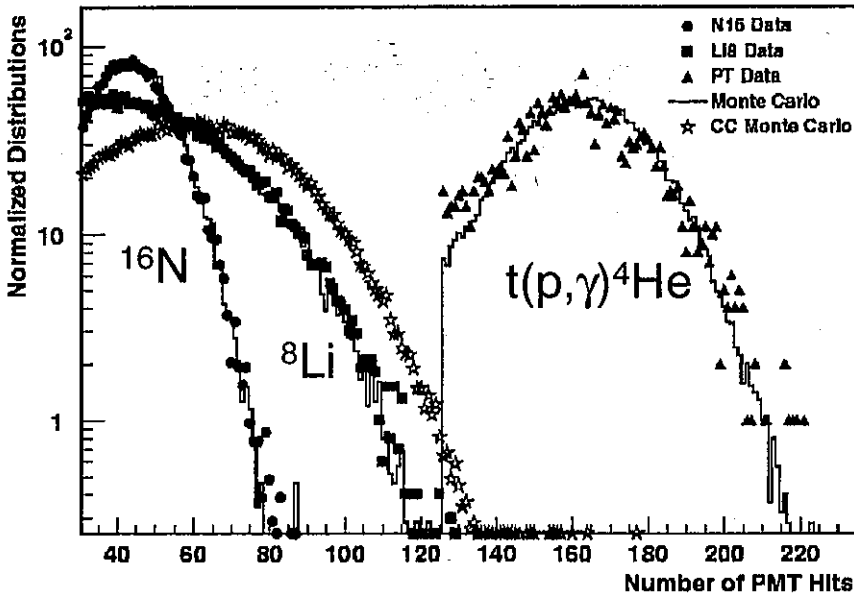
$\Phi_{\text{day}} \quad \text{vs} \quad \Phi_{\text{night}}$

Total ^8B Solar Neutrino Flux

$$\text{June 2001} \quad \Phi_x = \Phi_{cc} + (\Phi_{es} - \Phi_{cc}) \times (1/\epsilon)$$

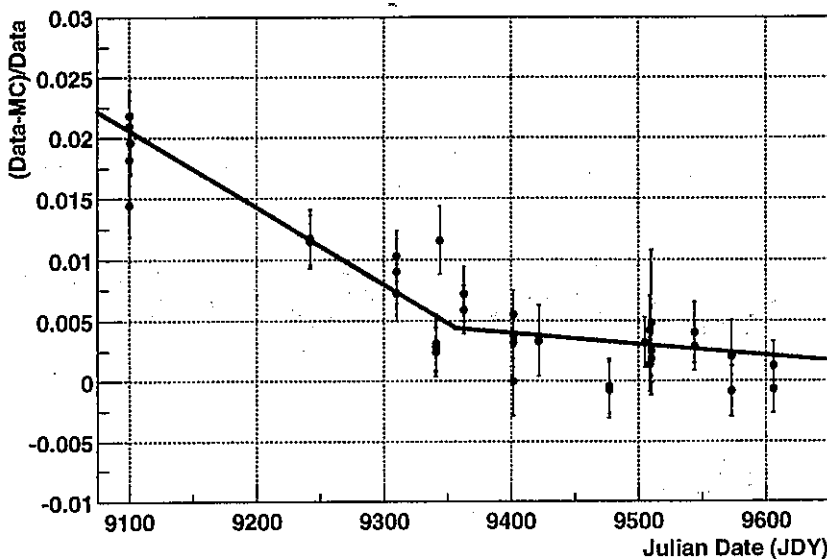
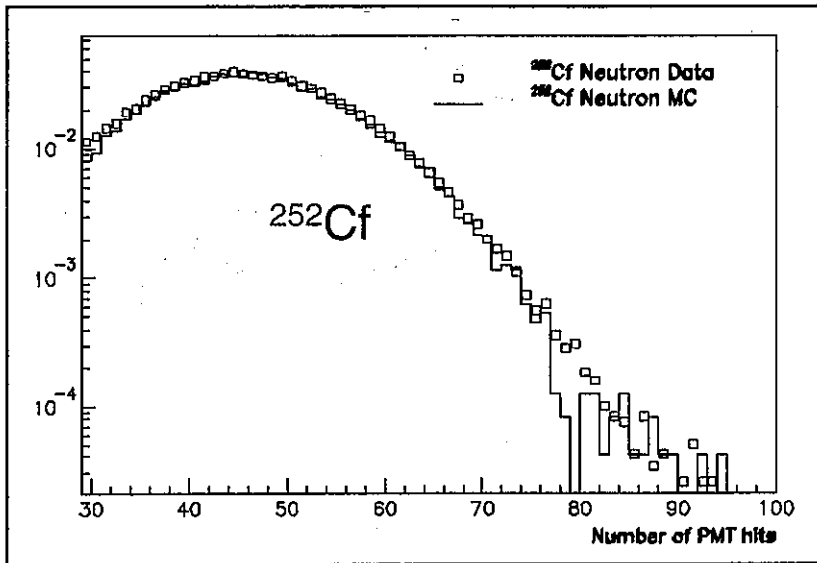
$$\text{new} \quad \Phi_x = \Phi_{nc}$$

SNO: energy calibration



^{16}N 6.13 MeV γ
 ^8Li β ($< \sim 14$ MeV)
 $t(p,\gamma)^4\text{He}$ 19.8 MeV γ
 ^{252}Cf n (6.25 MeV γ)

● ■ ▲ □ Data
 — MC

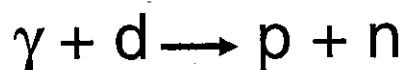


- center ^{16}N runs
- $\Delta E = 1.21\%$
- $\Delta\sigma = 4.5\%$

SNO: neutron BG 1

Source	Events
D ₂ O photodisintegration	44 ⁺⁸ ₋₉
H ₂ O + AV photodisintegration	27 ⁺⁸ ₋₈
Atmospheric ν 's and sub-Cherenkov threshold μ 's	4 \pm 1
Fission	\ll 1
² H(α , α)pn	2 \pm 0.4
¹⁷ O(α ,n)	\ll 1
Terrestrial and reactor $\bar{\nu}$'s	1 ⁺³ ₋₁
External neutrons	\ll 1
Total neutron background	78 \pm 12

- BG level is ~12% of SSM NC rate
- Dominant BG source is photodisintegration by radioactivity in D₂O, H₂O, and AV



- To estimate U/Th contents is essential

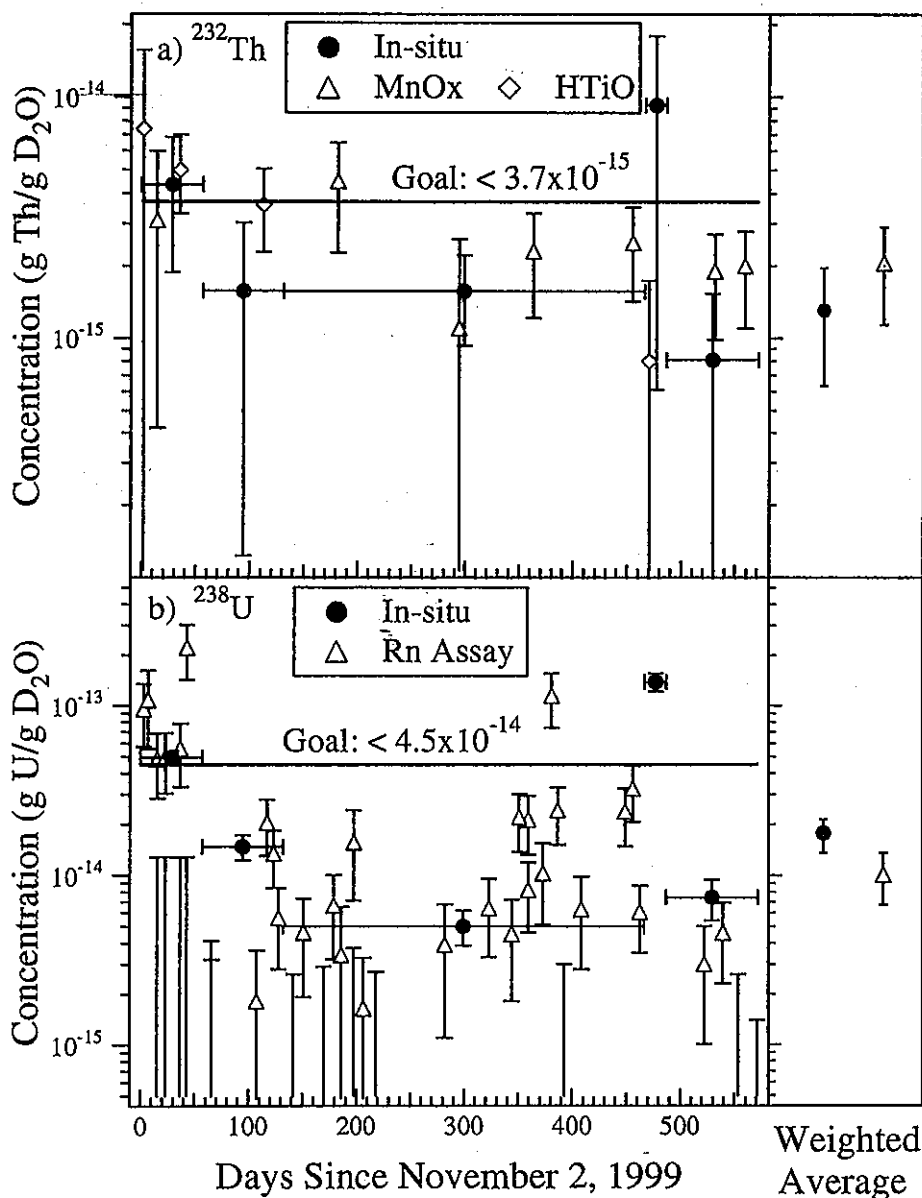
SNO: neutron BG 2 (Estimate U/Th Content)

Ex-situ:

- Extract daughter products in ~400ton of water
 - Ion exchange (^{224}Ra , ^{226}Ra)
 - Membrane Degassing (^{222}Rn)
- Count daughter product decays

In-situ:

- Use low-energy data (4.0-4.5MeV)
- Statistical separation of ^{208}Tl ($\beta+\gamma$) & ^{214}Bi (β)



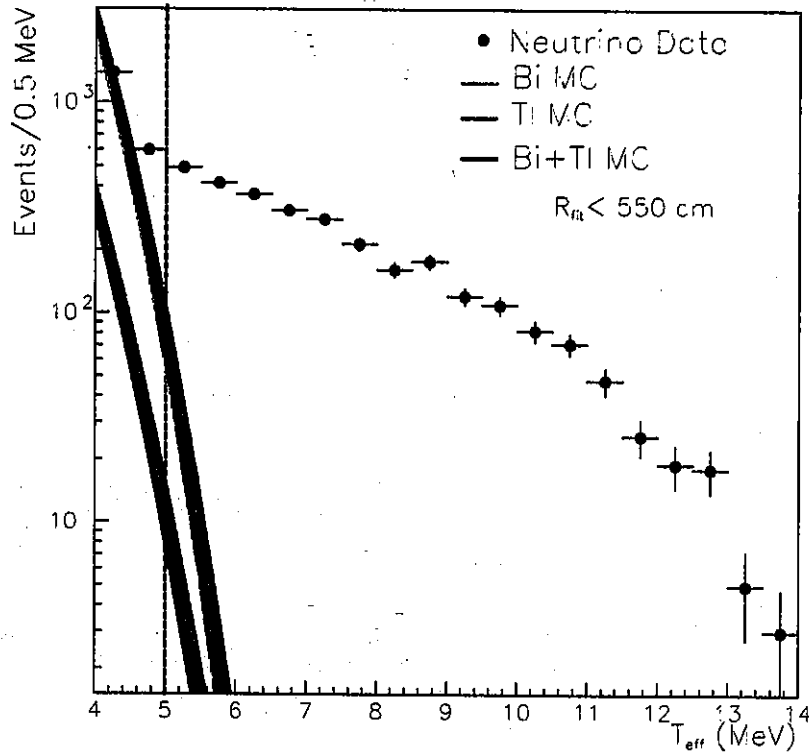
Both methods
agrees well

Neutron
Events

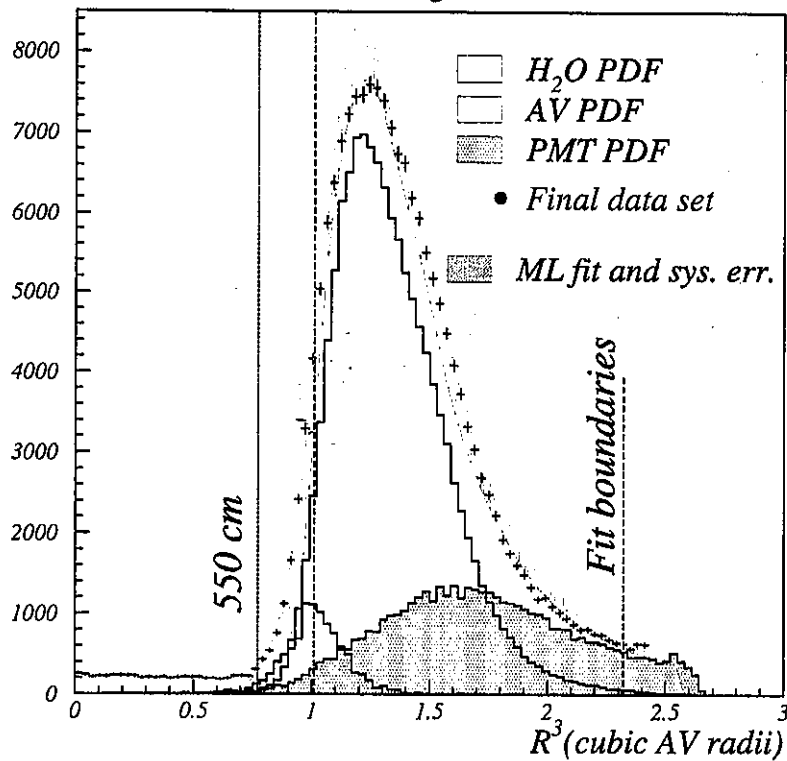
D_2O	$\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{AV}$
44^{+8}_{-9}	27^{+8}_{-8}

SNO: Cherenkov BG

SNO D₂O Cherenkov backgrounds above $T_{\text{eff}} = 4.0$ MeV



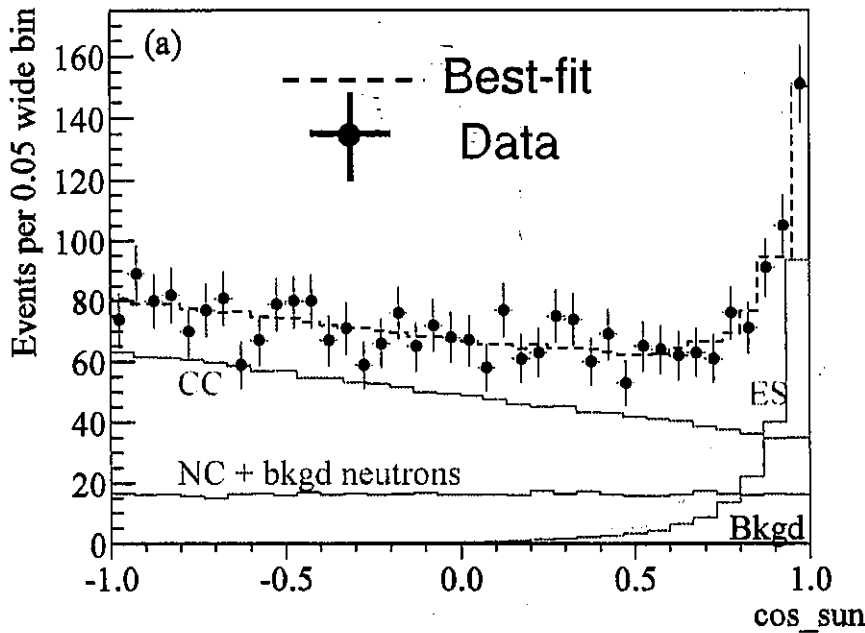
SNO external backgrounds at 4.5 MeV



	D ₂ O	H ₂ O	Acrylic	PMTs
Cherenkov Events	20^{+13}_{-6}	3^{+4}_{-3}	6^{+3}_{-6}	16^{+11}_{-8}

SNO: Flux 1

hep-ex/0204008

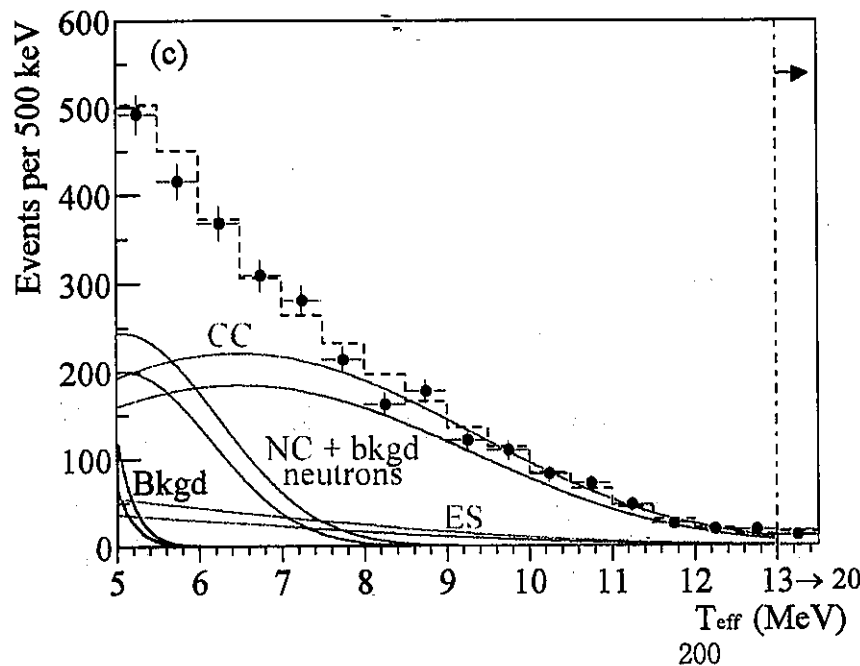
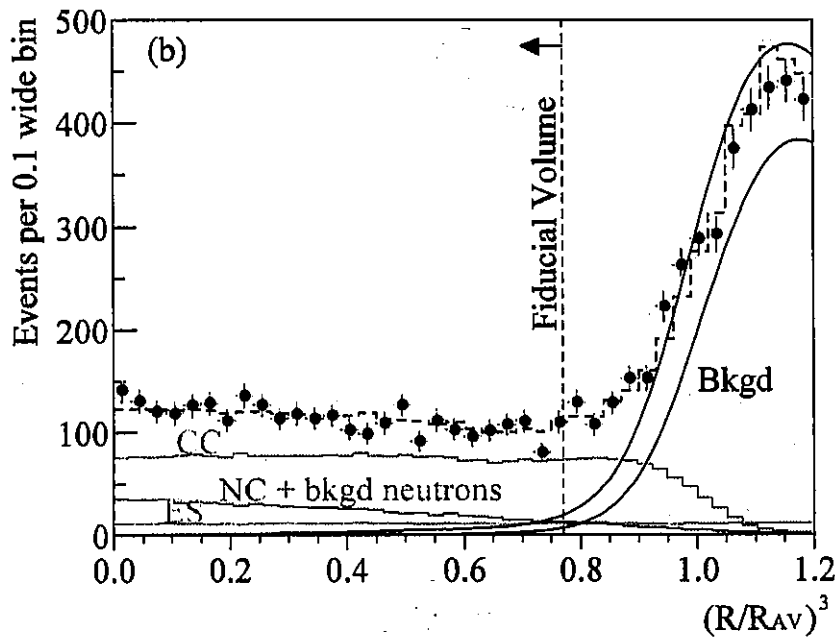


Total: 2928 events
(T_{eff} : 5.0-20MeV)

CC: 1967.7 $^{+61.9}_{-60.9}$

ES: 263.6 $^{+26.4}_{-25.6}$

NC: 576.5 $^{+49.5}_{-48.9}$



SNO: Flux 2

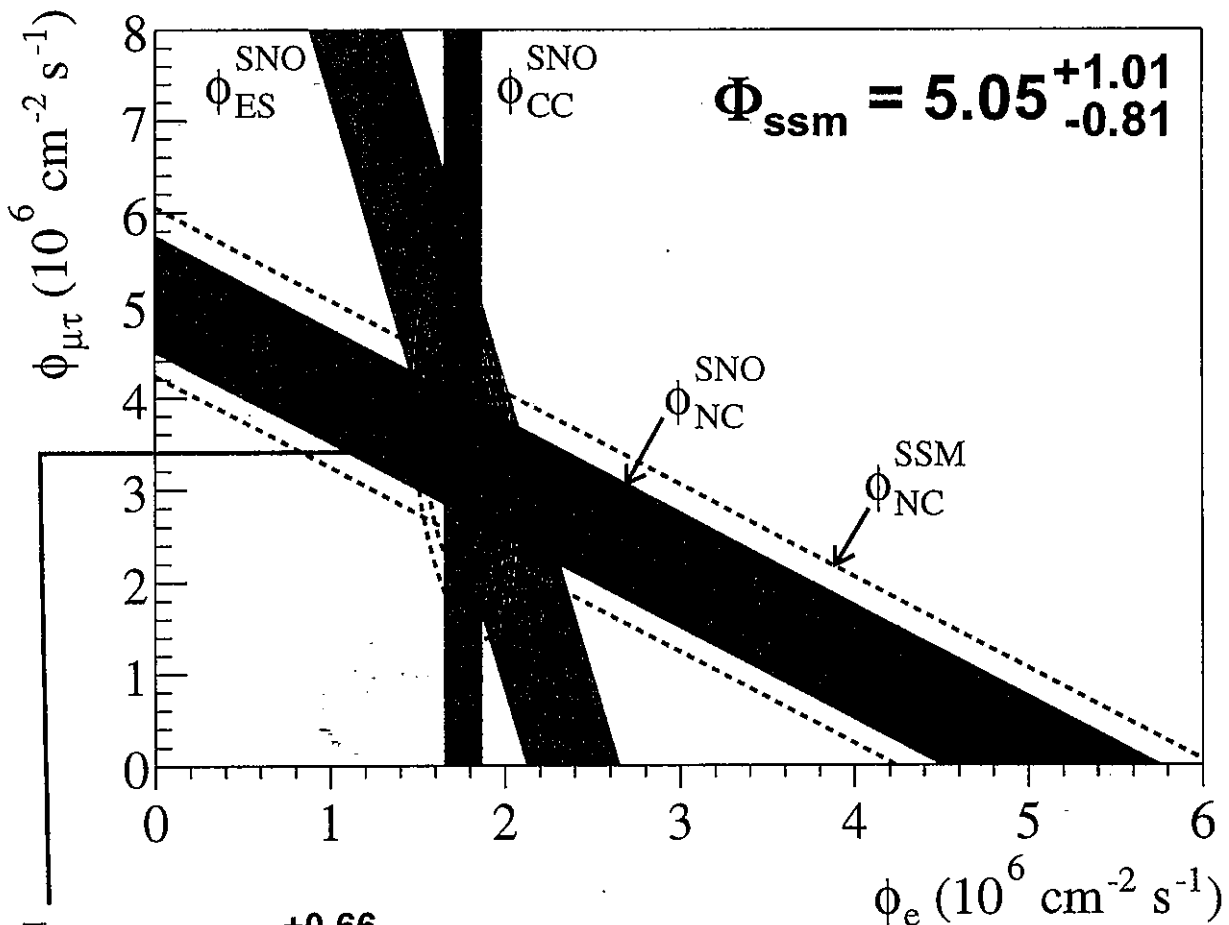
Te > 5 MeV

$$\Phi_{cc}(\nu_e) = 1.76^{+0.06}_{-0.05}(\text{stat.})^{+0.09}_{-0.09}(\text{syst.}) \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi_{es}(\nu_x) = 2.39^{+0.24}_{-0.23}(\text{stat.})^{+0.12}_{-0.12}(\text{syst.}) \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\Phi_{nc}(\nu_x) = 5.09^{+0.44}_{-0.43}(\text{stat.})^{+0.46}_{-0.43}(\text{syst.}) \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$$

c.f. SK ES FLUX = $2.32 \pm 0.03(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.08_{0.07}(\text{syst.})$

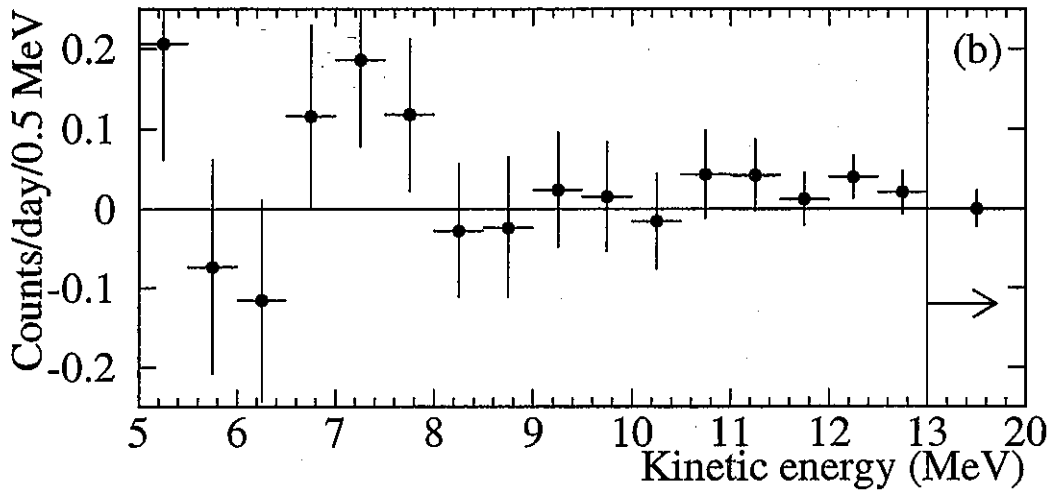
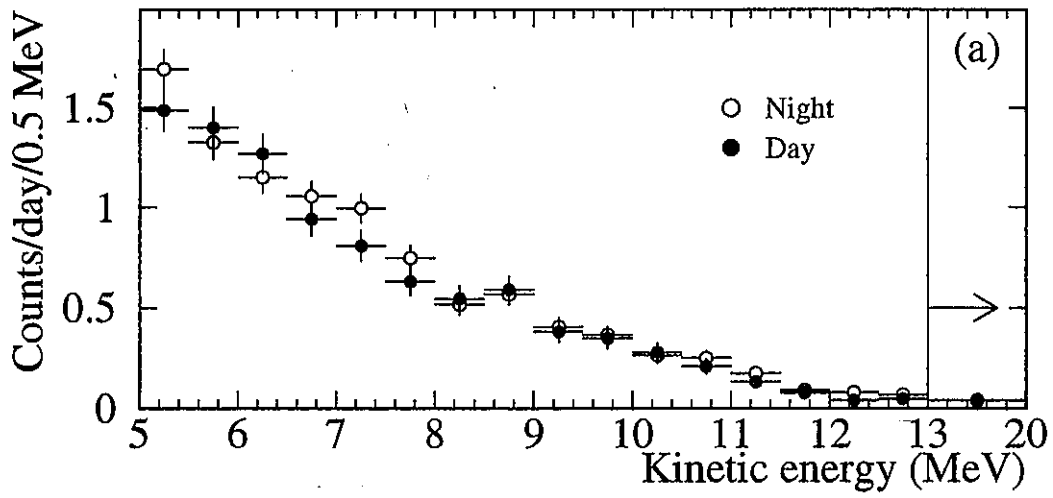


$$\Phi_{\mu\tau} = 3.41^{+0.66}_{-0.64} \quad (5.3\sigma, \text{ only SNO})$$

$$\Phi_{\mu\tau} = 3.45^{+0.65}_{-0.62} \quad (5.5\sigma, \text{ SNO+SK})$$

Previous: SK ES \longleftrightarrow SNO CC 3.3σ

Strong evidence of flavor change



Day

Night

$$\Phi_{cc} \quad 1.62 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.08 \quad 1.87 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.10$$

$$\Phi_{es} \quad 2.64 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.12 \quad 2.22 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.12$$

$$\Phi_{nc} \quad 5.69 \pm 0.66 \pm 0.44 \quad 4.63 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.44$$

$\times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

SNO: Day/Night 2

$$A = 2(\Phi_{\text{night}} - \Phi_{\text{day}}) / (\Phi_{\text{night}} + \Phi_{\text{day}})$$

$$A_{\text{CC}} = 14.0 \pm 6.3^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$$

$$A_{\text{NC}} = -20.4 \pm 16.9^{+2.4}_{-2.5}$$

$$\Phi_{\text{ES}} = (1-\varepsilon) \Phi_e + \varepsilon \Phi_{\text{tot}}$$

$$A_e = 12.8 \pm 6.2^{+1.5}_{-1.4}$$

$$A_{\text{tot}} = -24.2 \pm 16.1^{+2.4}_{-2.5}$$

$$\Phi_{\text{ES}} = (1-\varepsilon) \Phi_e + \varepsilon \Phi_{\text{tot}} \quad A_{\text{tot}} = 0$$

$$A_e = 7.0 \pm 4.9^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$$

$$\Phi_{\text{ES}} = (1-\varepsilon) \Phi_e + \varepsilon \Phi_{\text{tot}} \quad A_{\text{tot}} = 0 \quad \text{SK } A_{\text{ES}} + \text{SNO } \Phi_{\text{tot}}$$

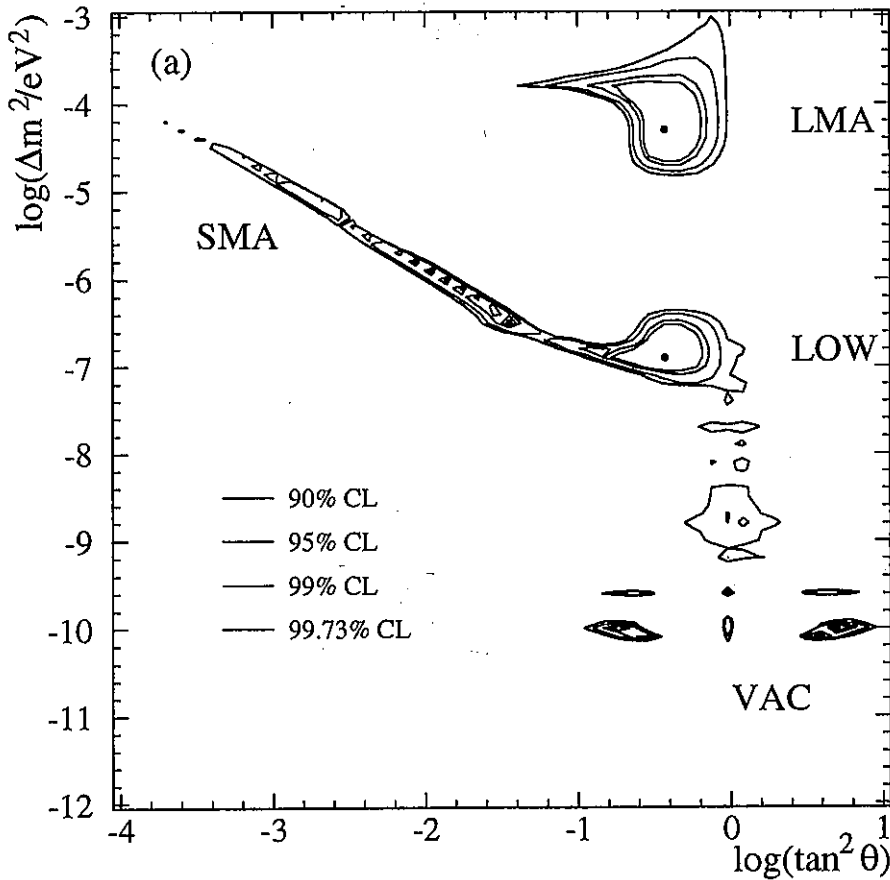
$$\text{SK } A_e = 5.3 \pm 3.7^{+2.0}_{-1.7} \quad (\text{SK1258days})$$

$$(\text{SK } A_e \sim 3.2 \pm 3.2) \quad (\text{SK1496days})$$

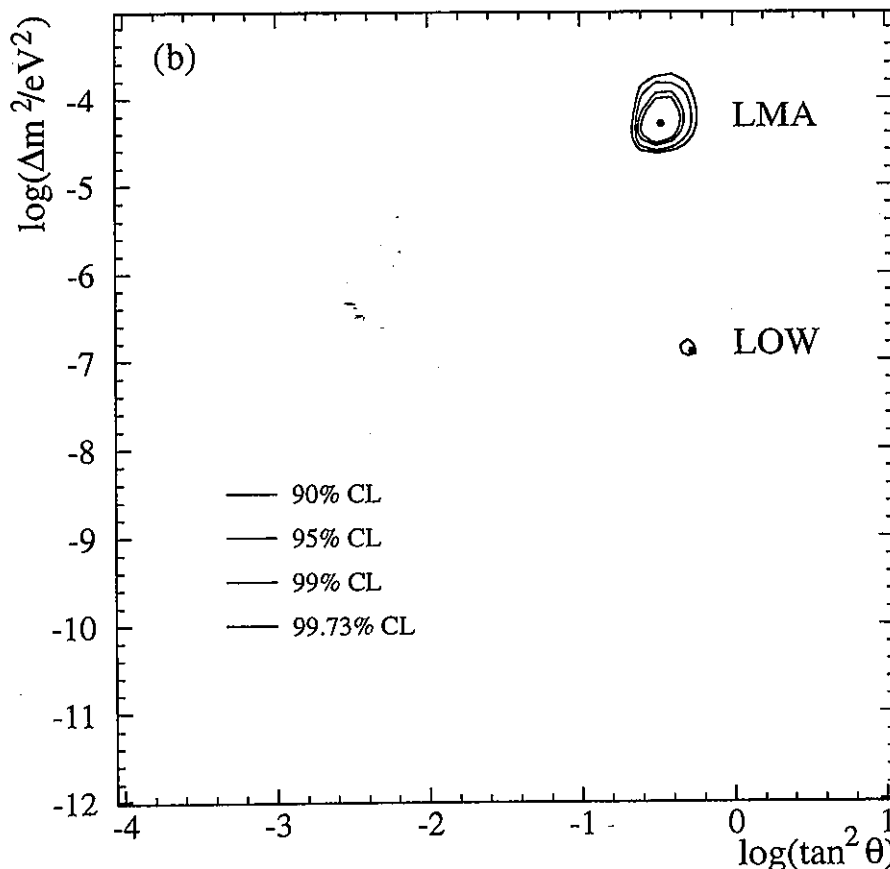
consistent

Oscillation analysis (SNO D/N spectra)

SNO group hep-ex/0204009



SNO Day and Night Energy Spectra Alone



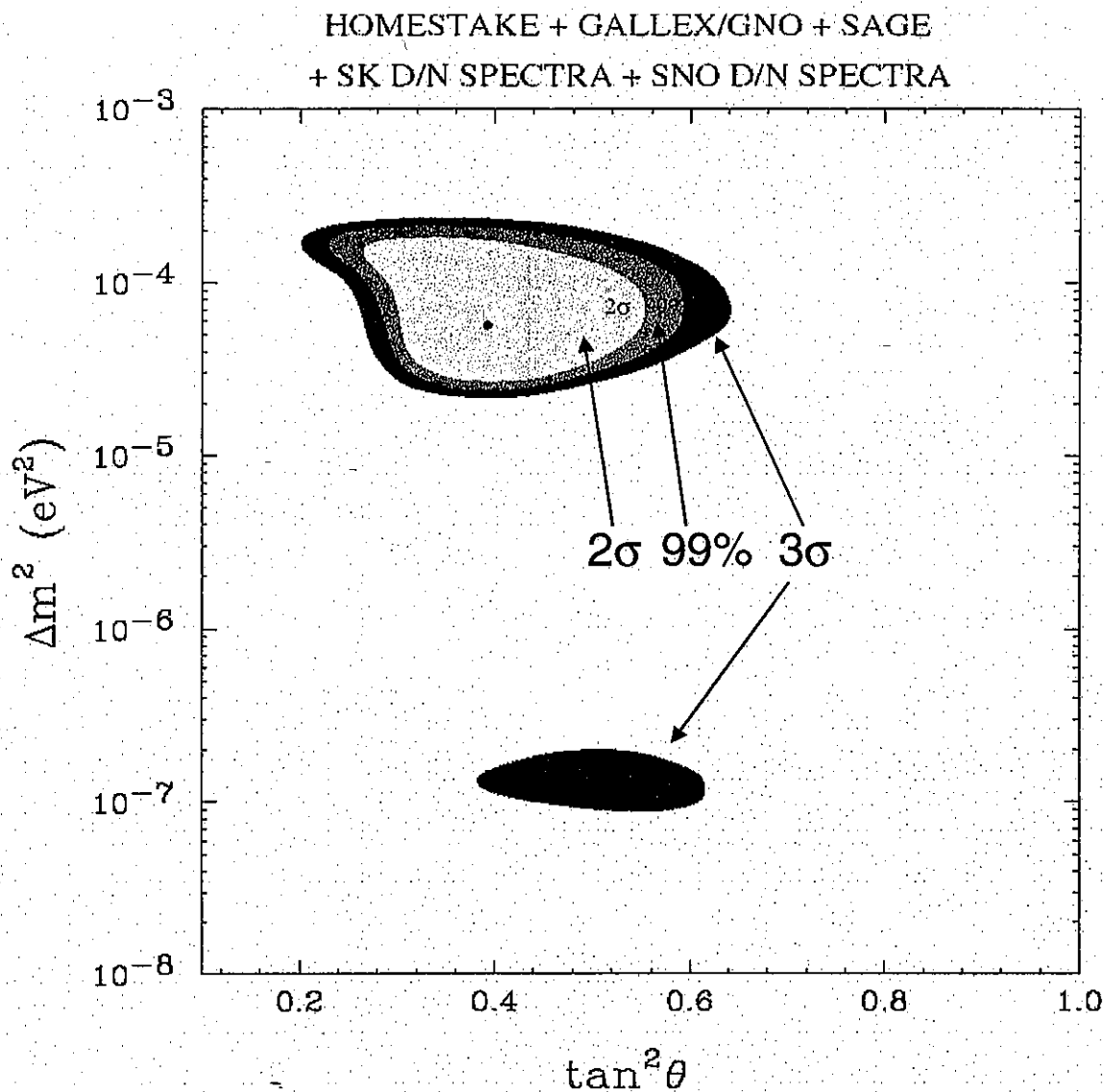
Combining All Experimental and Solar Model information

Best fit:
 $(\tan^2 \theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.34, 5.0 \times 10^{-5})$
 $\chi^2_{\min} = 57.0/72$

LOW region:
 $(\tan^2 \theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.55, 1.3 \times 10^{-7})$
 $\chi^2_{\min} = 67.7/72$

Oscillation analysis

V.Barger et al. hep-ex/0204253



Best fit:

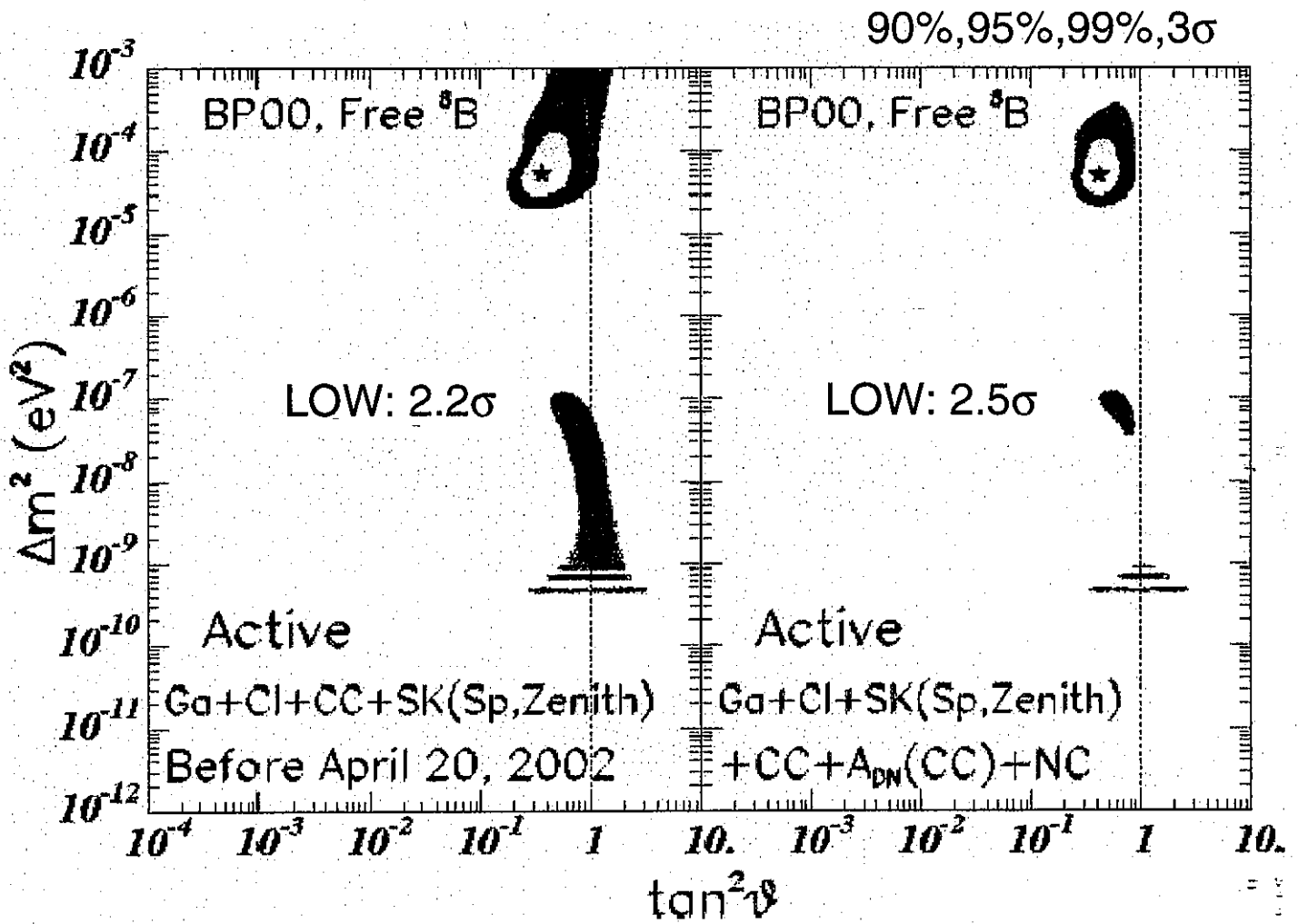
$$(\tan^2\theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.39, 5.6 \times 10^{-5}) \quad \chi^2_{\min} = 50.7/72$$

LOW region:

$$(\tan^2\theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.46, 1.1 \times 10^{-7}) \quad \chi^2_{\min} = 59.9/72$$

Oscillation analysis

J.N.Bahcall et al. hep-ex/0204314



Best fit:

$$(\tan^2\theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.42, 5.0 \times 10^{-5}) \quad \chi^2_{\min} = 45.5/46 \quad 98.8\% \text{C.L.}$$

LOW region:

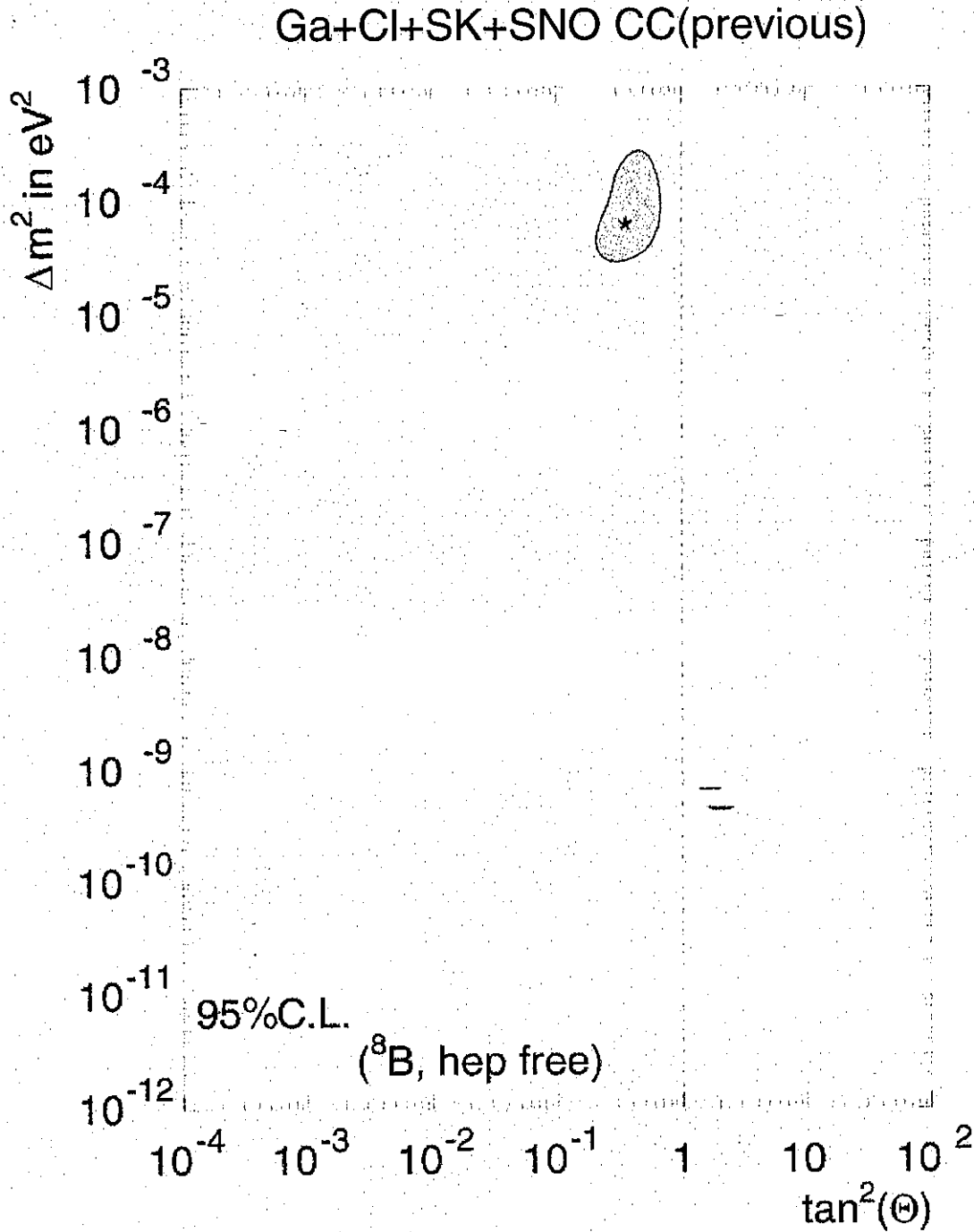
$$(\tan^2\theta, \Delta m^2) = (0.61, 7.9 \times 10^{-8}) \quad \chi^2_{\min} = 54.3/46 \quad 2.5\sigma$$

SMA: 3.7 σ

Pure sterile: 5.4 σ

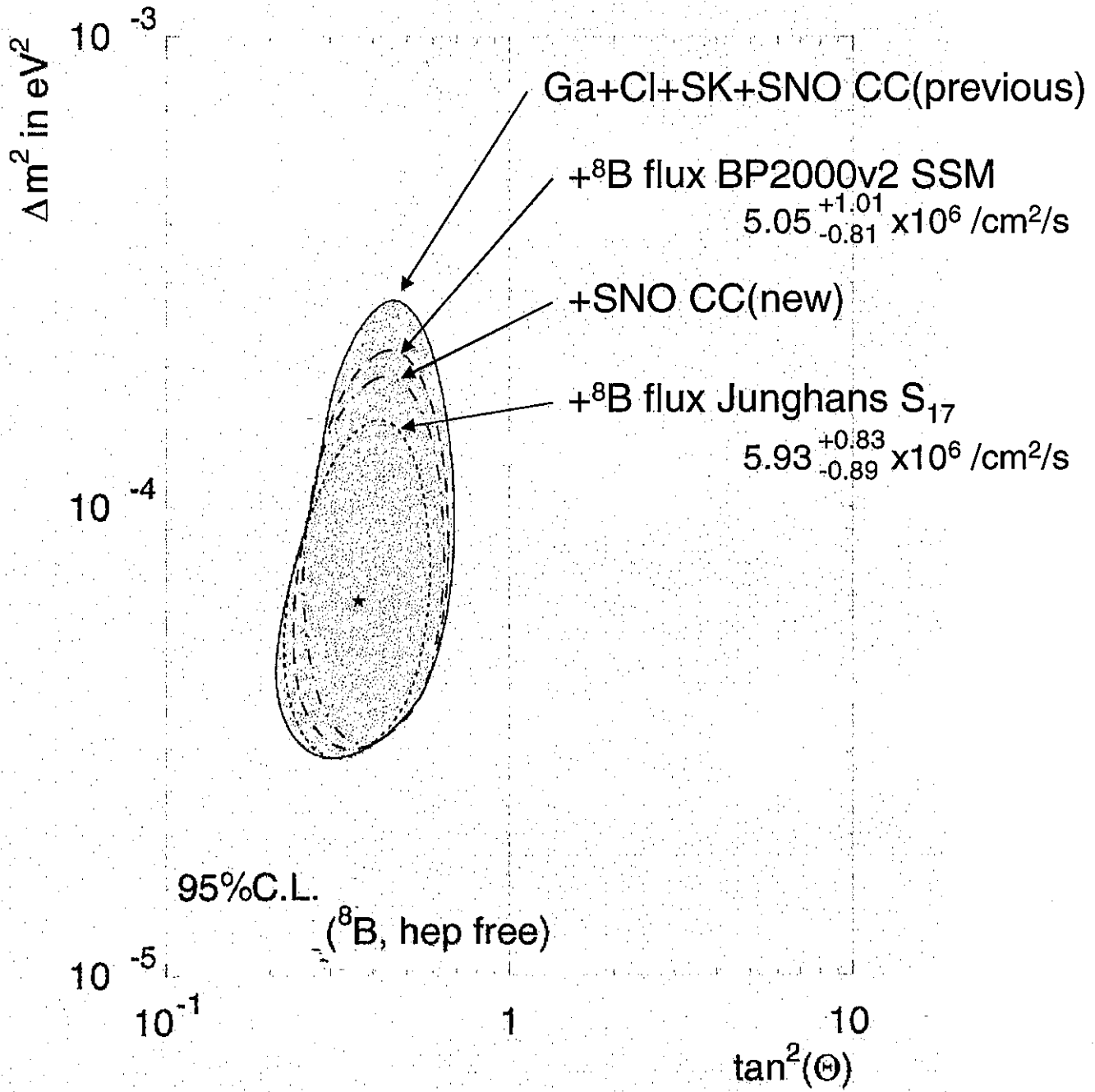
Oscillation analysis

SK group (preliminary)



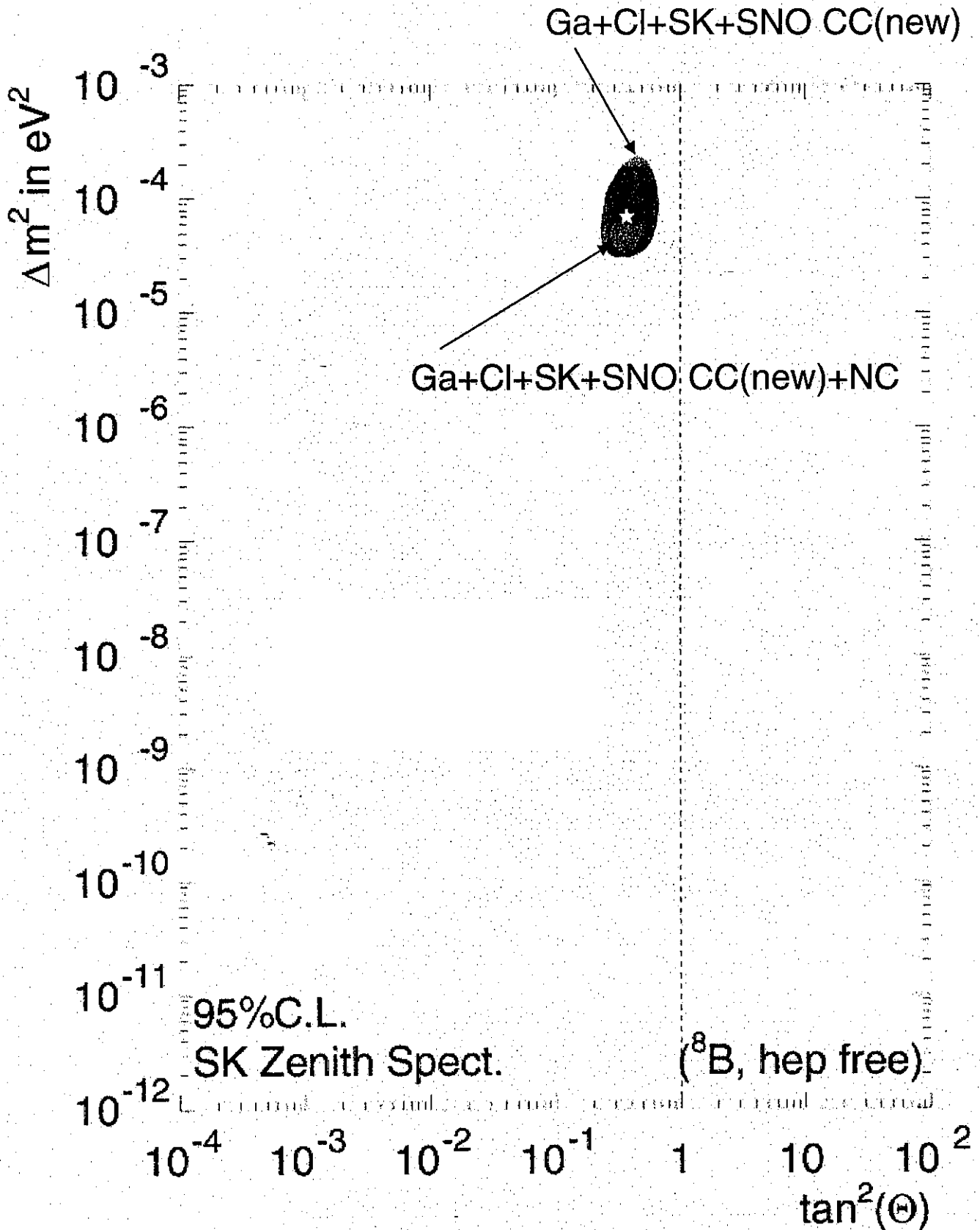
Oscillation analysis

SK group (preliminary)

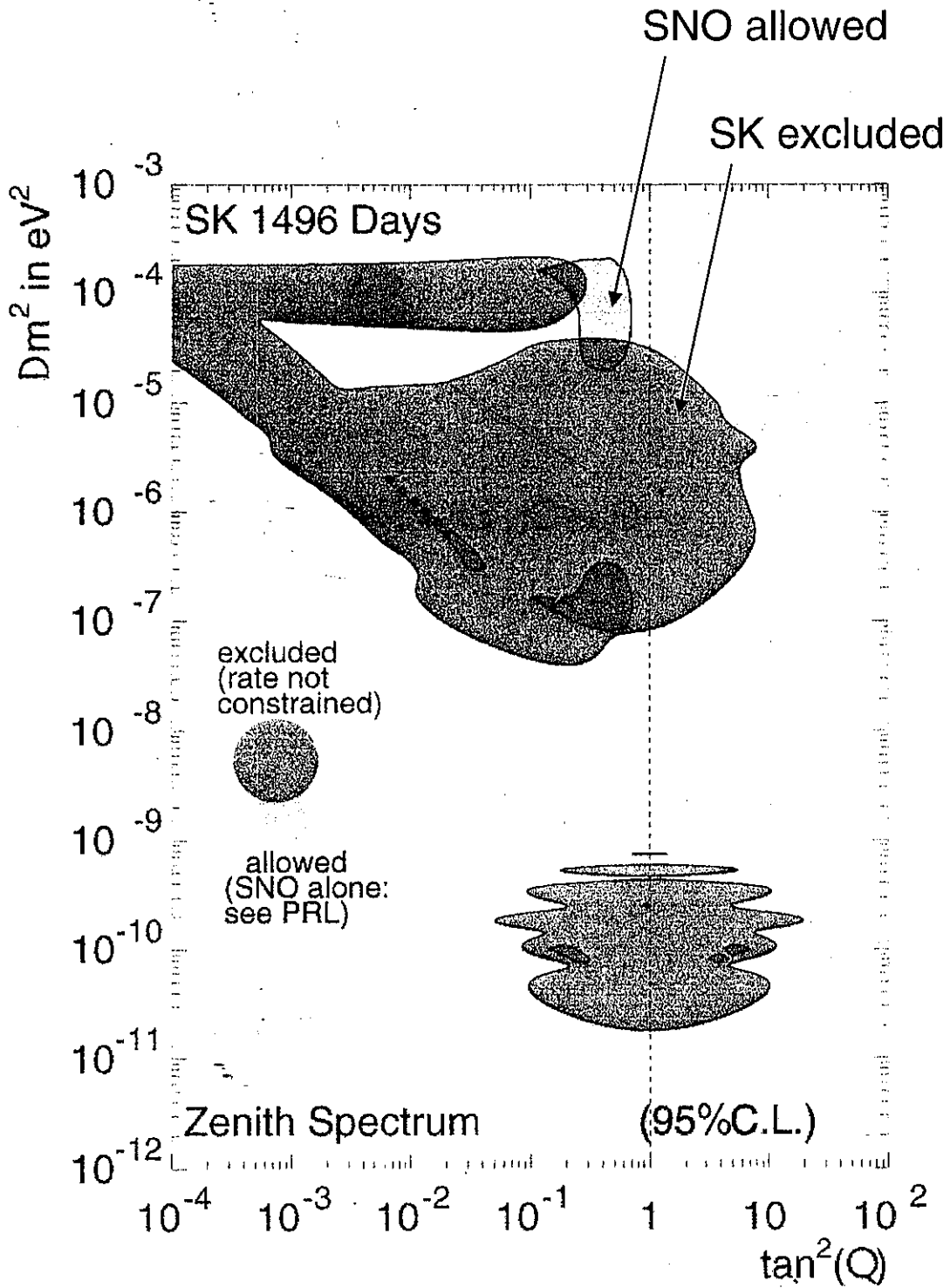


Oscillation analysis

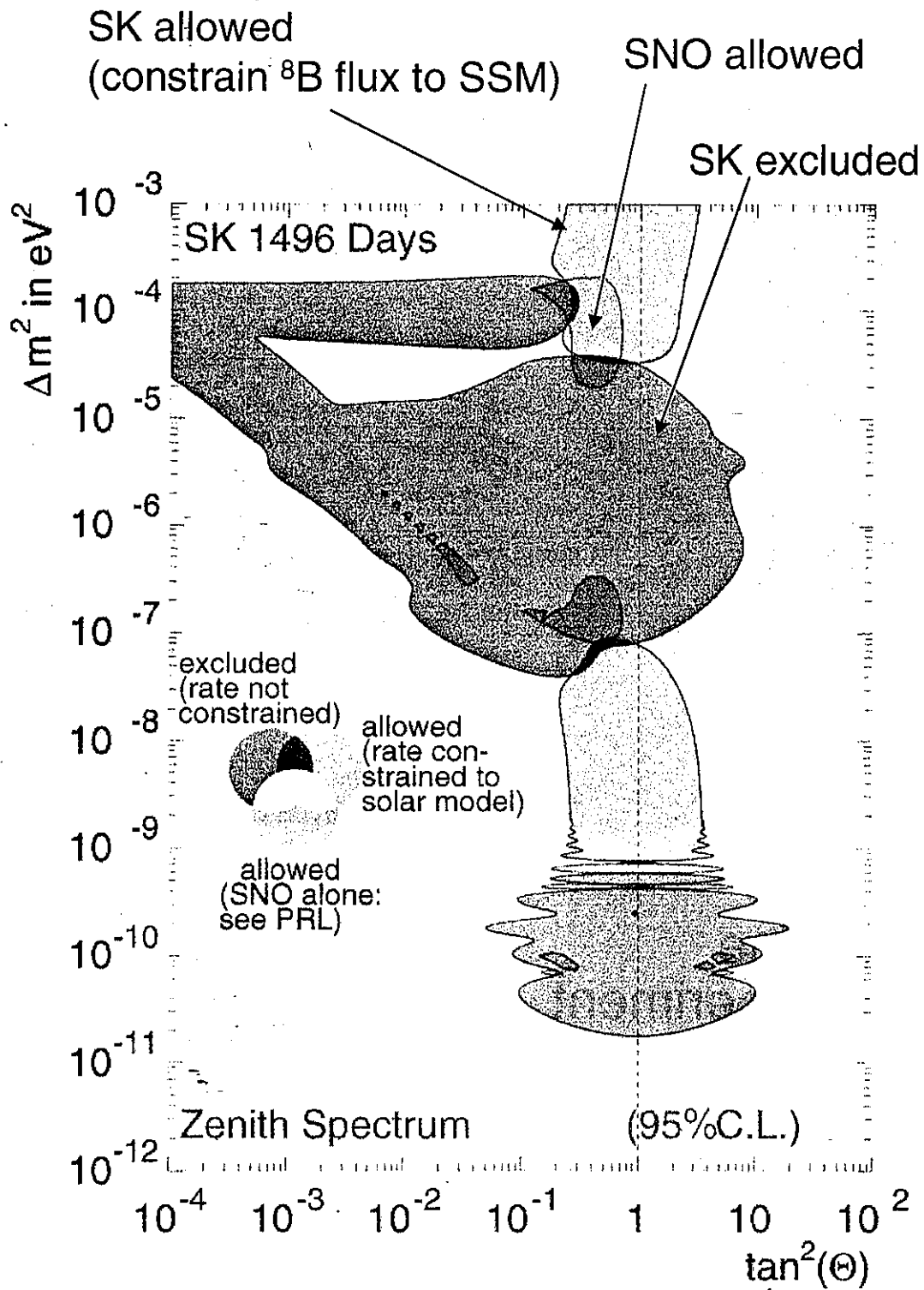
SK group (preliminary)



Oscillation analysis



Oscillation analysis

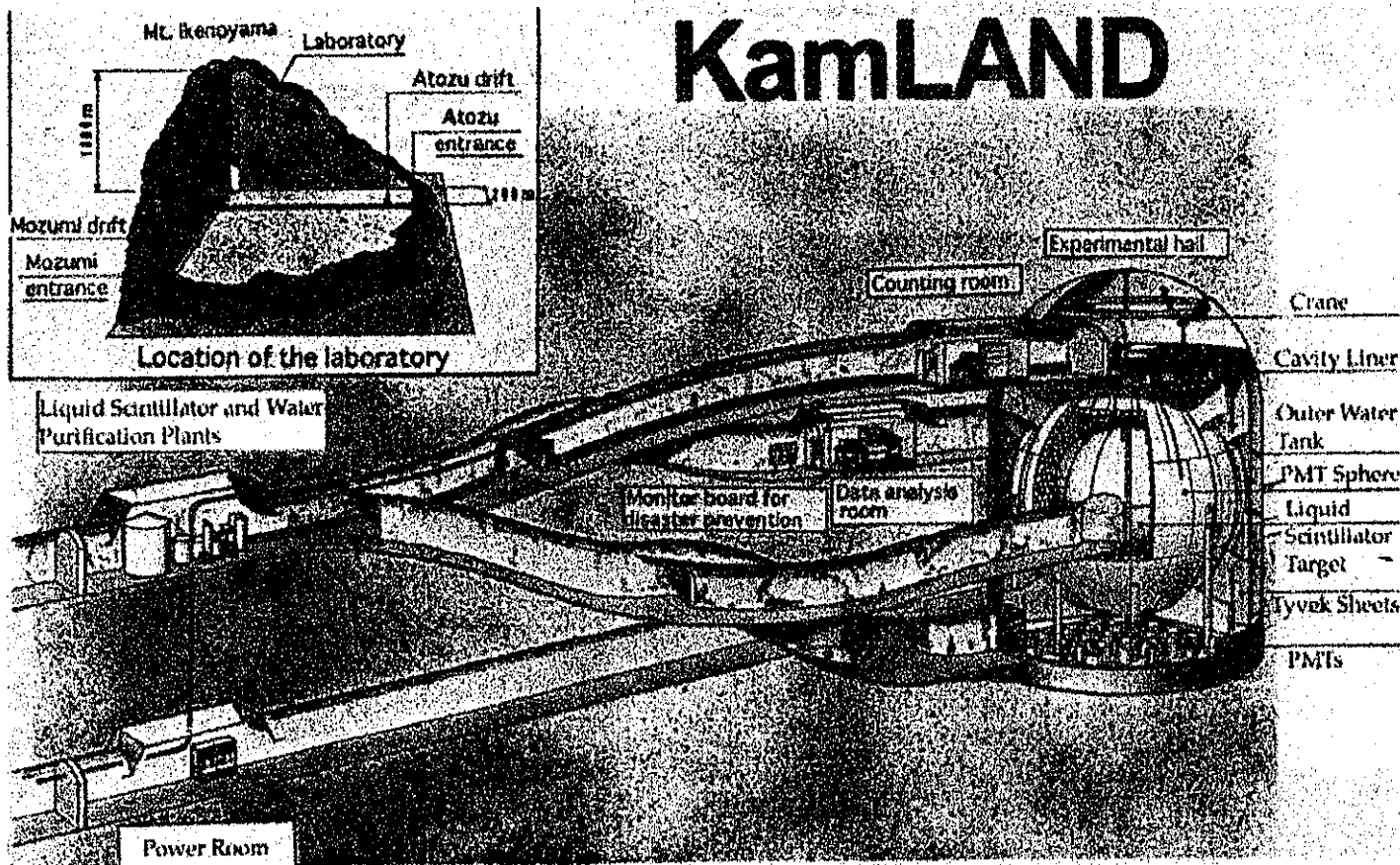


KamLAND

<http://www.awa.tohoku.ac.jp/KamLAND>

Kamioka Liquid scintillator Anti-Neutrino Detector

KamLAND



long baseline
reactor experiment

converted from
KAMIOKANDE

hosted by
Tohoku University

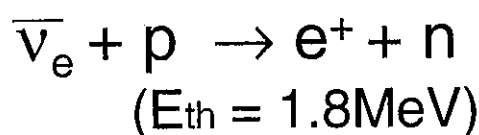
1,000 m³ liq. scint.

1,300 17-inch PMTs
+600 20-inch PMTs

22+14% coverage

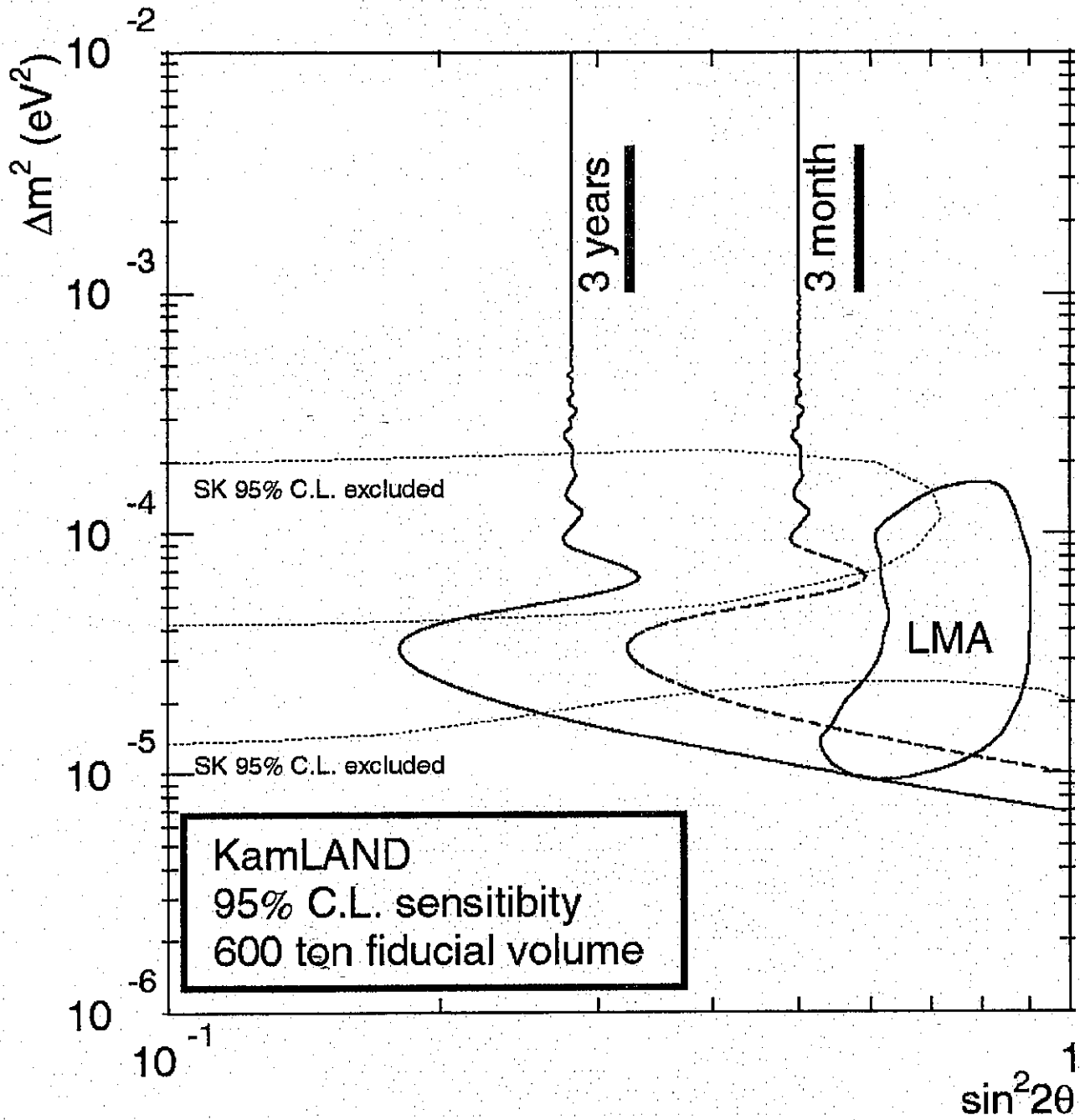
anti: 3,000m³ water
reactor L~170km

700 events/kt/year



Filling: Apr. 2001~
Observation: Oct. 2001~

KamLAND: sensitivity



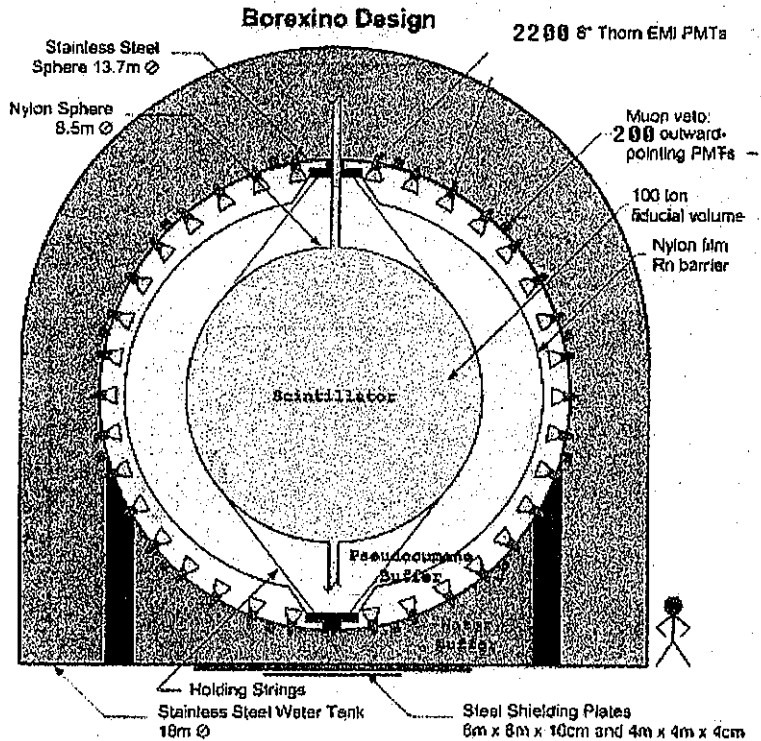
From K.Inoue (Tohoku Univ.)

Borexino

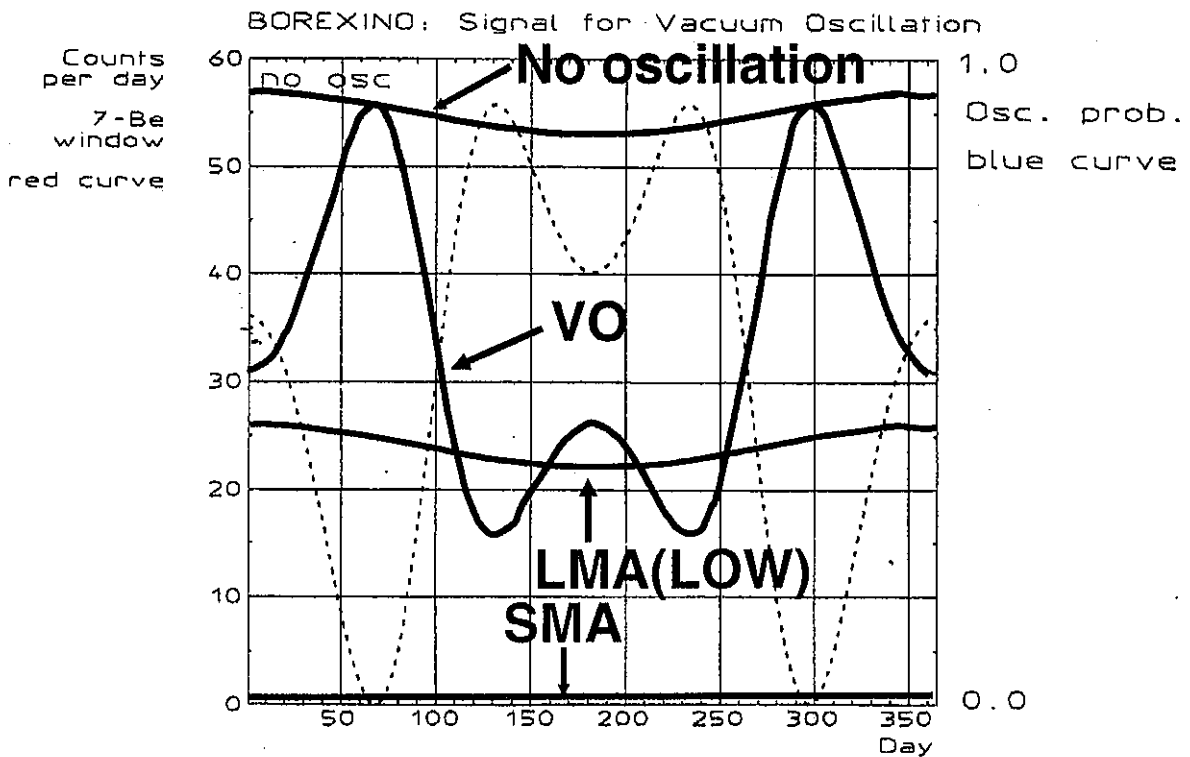
<http://almine.mi.infn.it/>

detection of ${}^7\text{Be}$ ν
(edge 660 keV)

300 tons liq. scint.
(fid. vol. 100 tons)
2,200 8-inch PMTs
 $E_e > 250\text{keV}$?
55ev/day for SSM
 $\nu_x + e^- \rightarrow \nu_x + e^-$



SMA \Rightarrow ~ full suppression
LMA \Rightarrow ~ half suppression
V.O. \Rightarrow seasonal variation

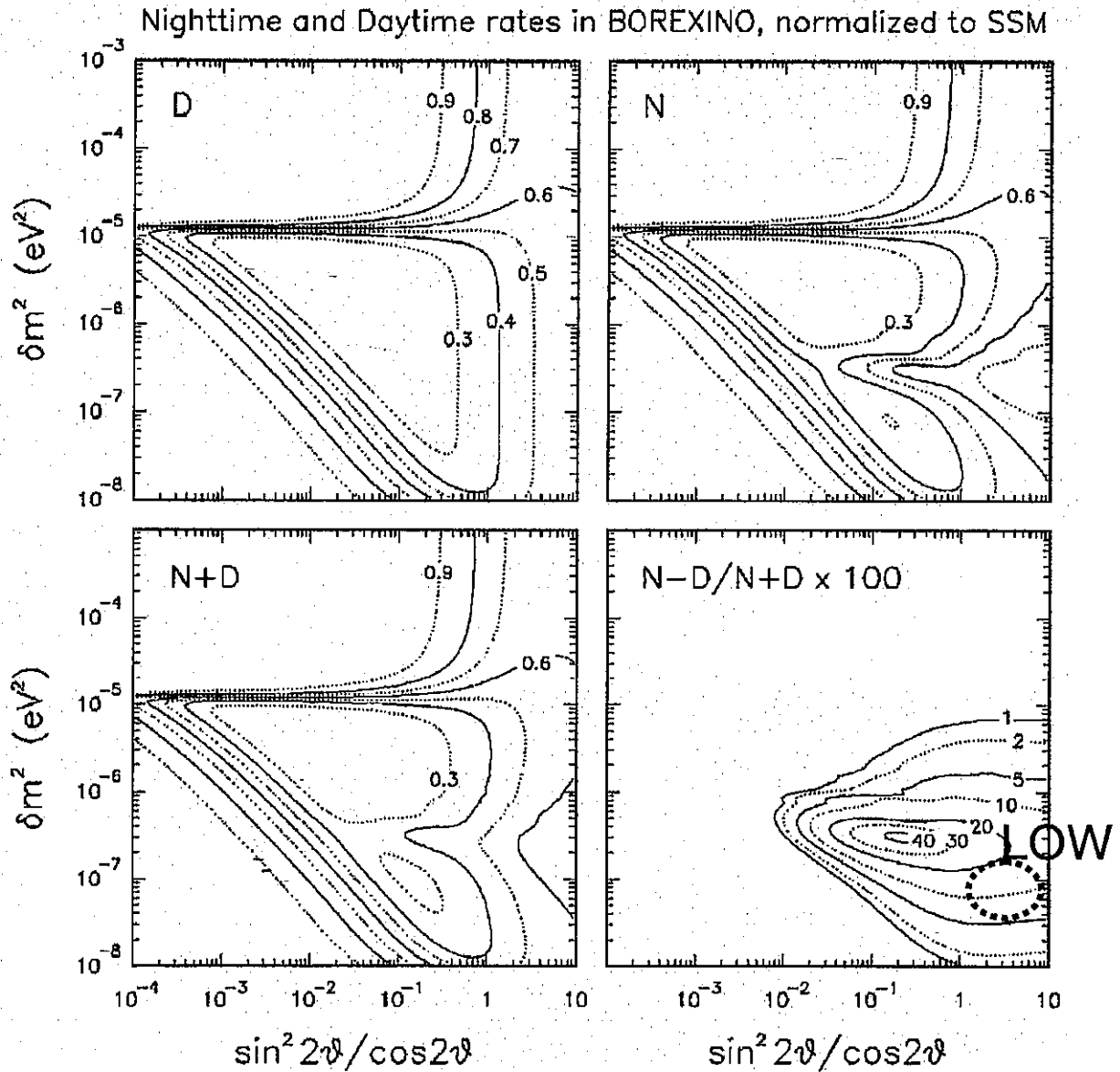


11/11/02 Mar 2002

Borexino: Day/Night sensitivity

G.L.Fogli et al PRD61(2000)073009

LOW region \longleftrightarrow 10~20% effect



Summary

• New information from SNO

FLUX

306.4 days, 5.0-20.0 MeV

$$\text{SNO } \phi_{\text{CC}} = 1.76^{+0.06}_{-0.05} \text{ }^{+0.09}_{-0.09} [\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}]$$

$$\text{SNO } \phi_{\text{ES}} = 2.39^{+0.24}_{-0.23} \text{ }^{+0.12}_{-0.12} [\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}]$$

$$\text{SNO } \phi_{\text{NC}} = 5.09^{+0.44}_{-0.43} \text{ }^{+0.46}_{-0.43} [\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}]$$

$$\text{SK } \phi_{\text{ES}} = 2.32 \pm 0.09 [\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}]$$

$$\text{BP2001 } \phi_{\text{SSM}} = 5.05^{+1.01}_{-0.81} [\times 10^6/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}]$$

Day/Night

$$\text{SNO } A_e = 7.0 \pm 4.9^{+1.3}_{-1.2} \quad \Phi_{\text{ES}} = (1-\epsilon) \Phi_e + \epsilon \Phi_{\text{tot}} \quad A_{\text{tot}} = 0$$

$$\text{SK } A_e = 5.3 \pm 3.7^{+2.0}_{-1.7} \quad \text{SK } A_{\text{ES}} + \text{SNO } \Phi_{\text{tot}}$$

$$A_e \sim 3.2 \pm 3.2 \quad \text{SK } 1496 \text{ days}$$

• Oscillation analysis

MSW LMA solution is favored

MSW LOW solution: $2.5 \sim 3\sigma$