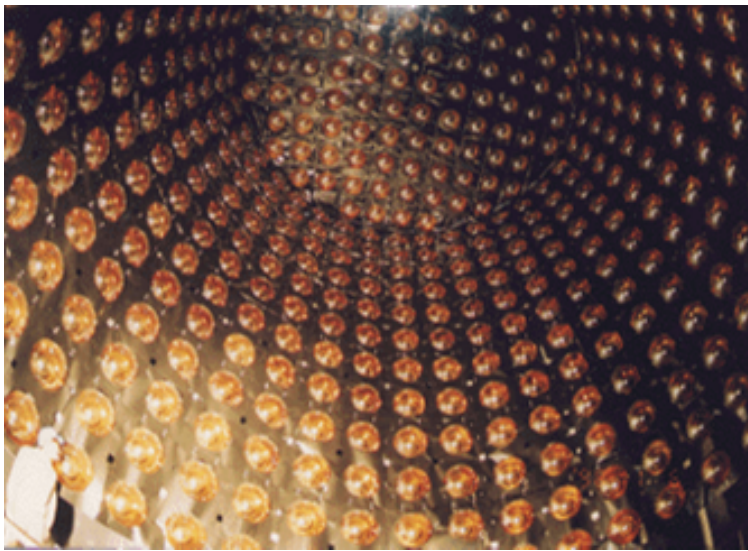


1 kt water cherenkov detector
K2K 2 T2K 2km (I)

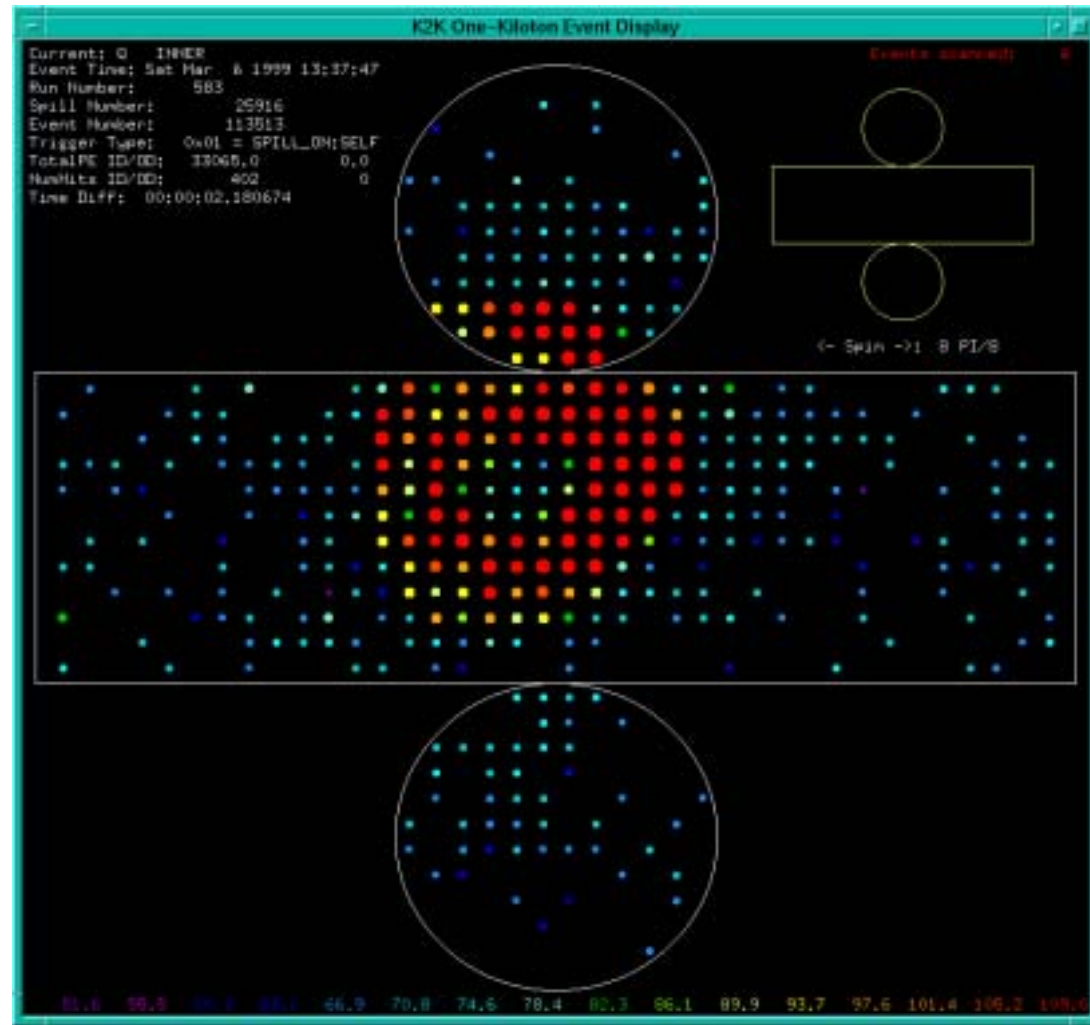
Y.Itow (ICRR)

26Jan,04 T2K 2km meeting

Water Cherenkov Detector (1kt)



- A miniature of Super-Kamiokande detector with 1/50 volume
- 680 20" PMTs with 70cm spacing (same as Super-K)
- Inner Volume : 496 tons(8.6m × 8.6m ϕ)
Fiducial Volume : 25.1 tons
(r=2m cylindrical volume along beam)



Typical 1-ring FC μ -like event

For what K2K-1kt detector initially designed was

Absolute Flux normalization with H₂O target

- Essential Requirement

$$\Delta N_{SK} < 10 \% \text{ (overall , } \Delta V + \Delta(\text{near/far}))$$

Additional information as similar quality as SK

- Spectrum < 1 GeV
- π^0
- ν_e

Current 1kt systematics (for ν_μ disappearance)

| | Initial design | Current 1kt | T2K 1kt ? |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| overall N_{SK} err | ΔV_{fid} | 4% | <5% (LOI 10%) |
| | $\Delta\Phi_N/\Phi_F$ | <10% | |
| E_ν spectrum err | E-scale | 3% (<1% ΔN_{SK}) | ? |
| | PID | ... | ? |
| | Nring | ... | ? |

Q1: How much do we want to reduce for ν_μ disapp?

Q2: What is effect on ν_e app ?

Overall normalization error on Nsk for Nov99~

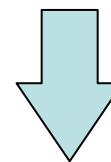
Errors

Central Value
76.05evts

KT: dominated
by FV error
SK: also.

| | (Event) | |
|--------|----------------|-------|
| Stat | 0.28 | 0.37% |
| KT | 3.32 | 4.37% |
| SK | 2.28 | 3.00% |
| Flux | +2.81 -2.59 | |
| F/N | +4.26 -5.55 | |
| NC/CC | +0.15 -0.23 | |
| nQE/QE | +0.38 -0.61 | |
| CT | 0.46 | 0.60% |
| Total | +6.53 -7.37 | |

Take errors not
considered in matrix



5.34%

Required accuracy

JHF-Phase I

- Discovery of non-zero θ_{13}
- Precise measurement of θ_{23} and m^2 .

JHF-Phase II (with Hyper-K)

- CP violation



Flux prediction
@far detector

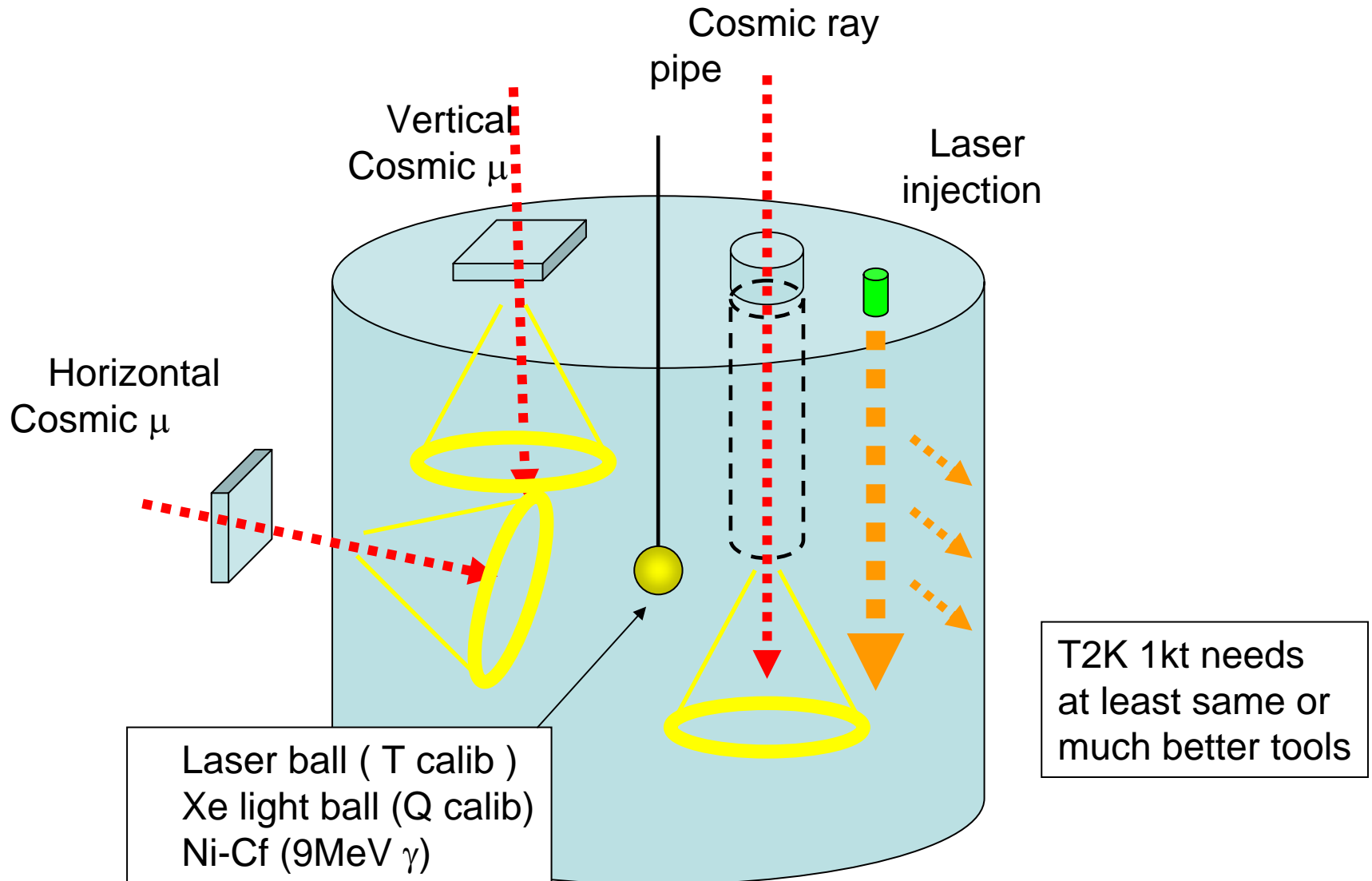


Main near detector should be water Ch.
Near detector pos. must be $>1.5\text{km}$.

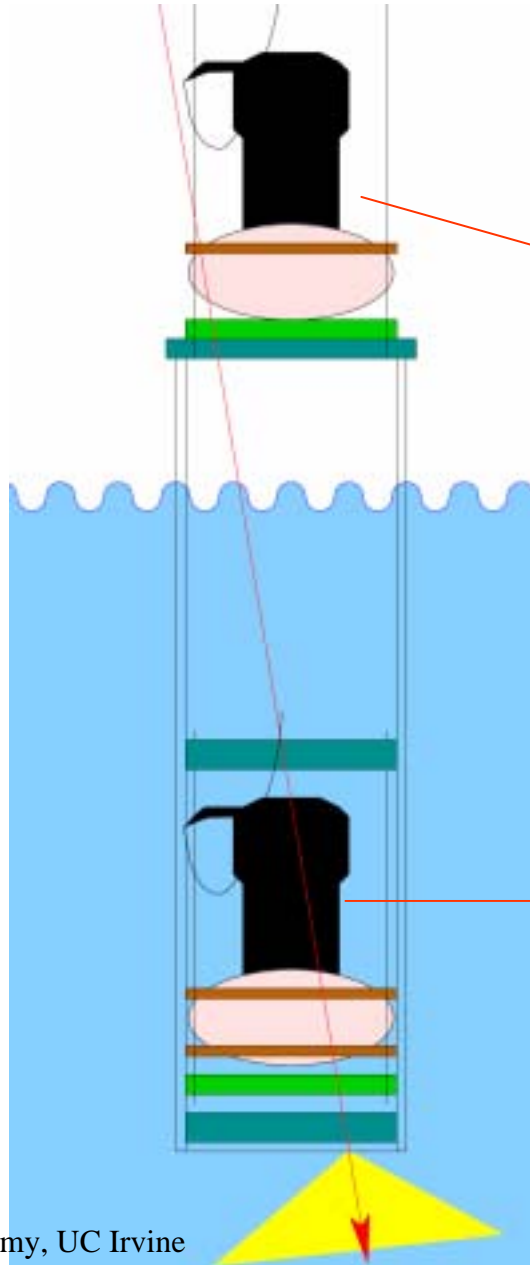
Improvement of systematic errors
needs Good Calibration

Good Calibration Needs
Good Calibration Sources

Current 1kt calibration tools



Trigger Counters for Cosmic Ray Pipe



Position with *apos*

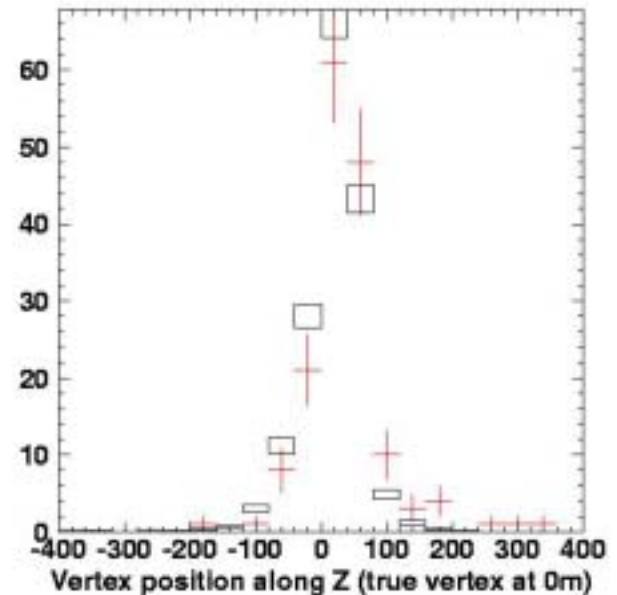
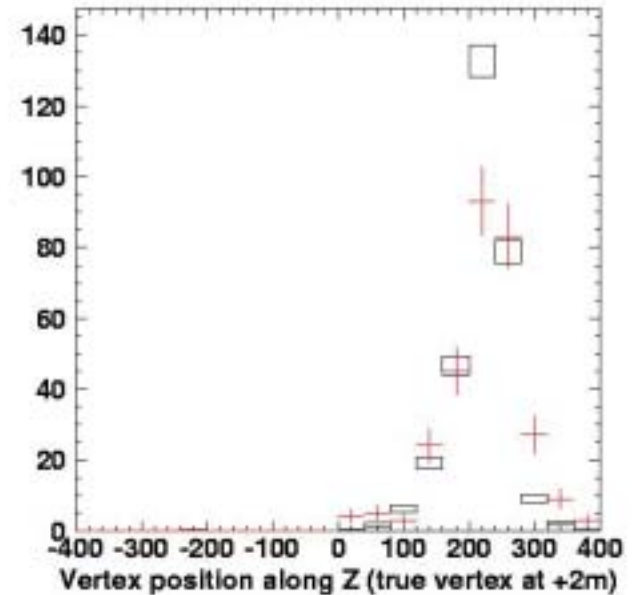
apos = vertex position obtained by *AFIT*

(fitter using timing and charge information, assuming 1 ring e-like event)

□ MC

⊕ Data

Calibration of Vertex of FC event by CRP



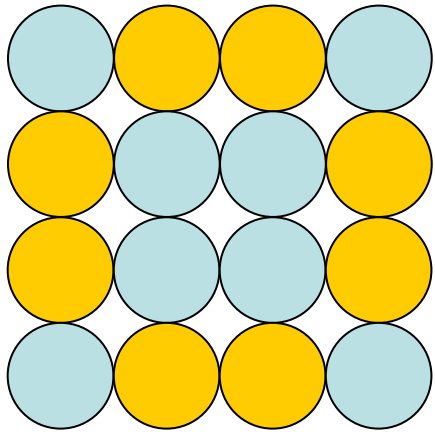
(Jeremy Argyriades)

Possible improvement of calibration tools

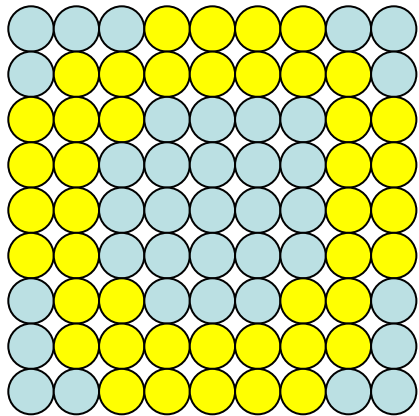
- Better light sources (Xe, Laser, Ni)
 - Uniform and point-like light source
 - Not only at center
 - Similar to Cherenkov spectrum (as for QE)
- Better entering track sources
 - Better external tracking
 - More pure well-control sample
 - Horizontal track (same as ν)
 - More statistics
- Better laser injection
 - various position, direction, wave length (same as SK)
- Automated
- New ideas ?
 - Cherenkov ring simulator? Check ring counting , timing separation

Consider T2K 1kt is underground !

Granularity and smearing



Number of PMT in a ring is small
PMT by PMT characteristics
Is important

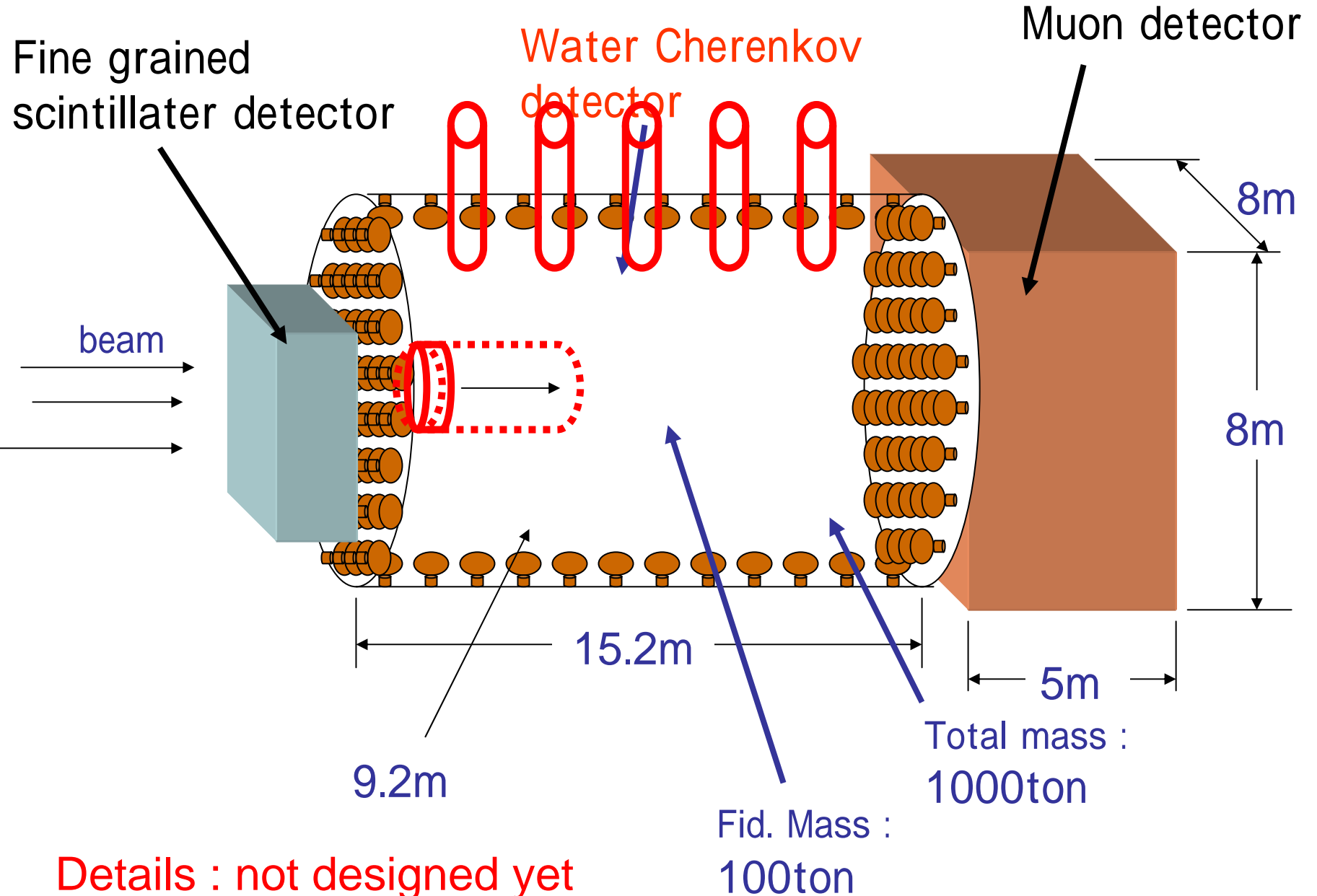


Number of PMT in a ring is large
PMT by PMT characteristics
Is smeared out



PMT by PMT pre-calibration
is also important

Near detector @2km



Summary

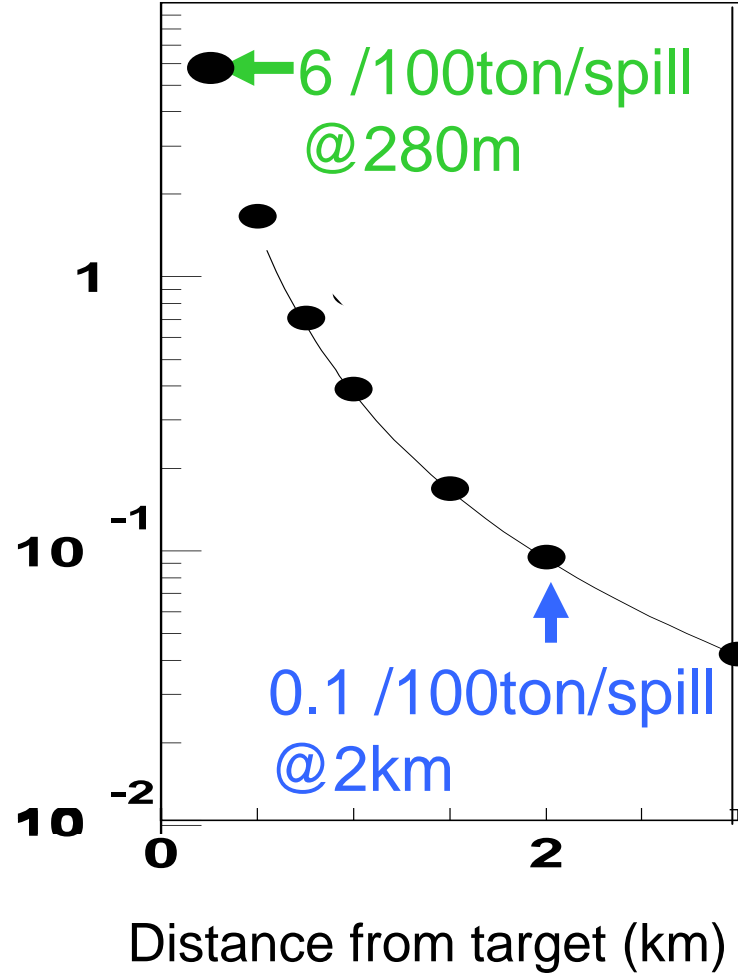
- Good systematic control of T2K 1kt detector needs good calibration
- Good calibration needs good calibration source
- Should understand PMT by PMT base
- Statistics is important (cosmic mu??)

Event rate

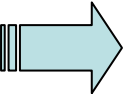
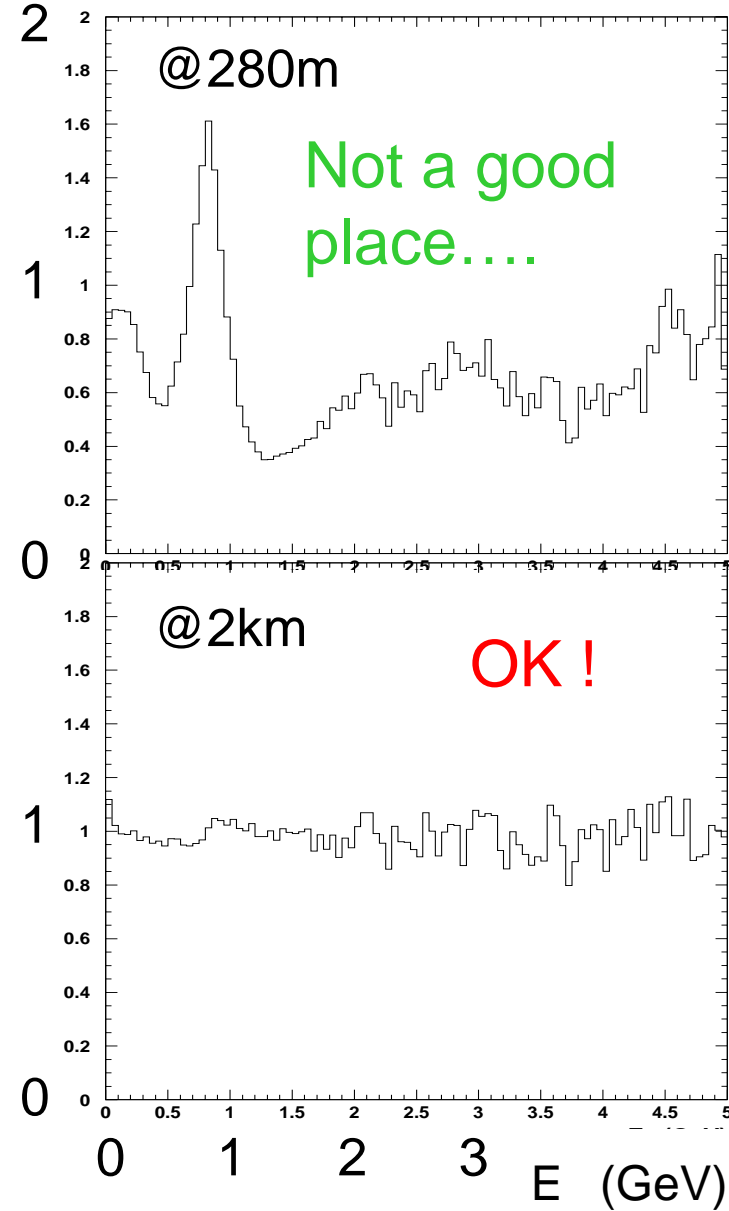
&

Far/near ratio

events/100t/spill



$(\frac{\text{far}}{\text{near}}) \times (L_{\text{far}} / L_{\text{near}})^2$



Water Cherenkov :
Impossible @280m
(Total mass > 100 tons)